

Advance CTE: Excellence in Action Award 8484 Georgia Avenue Suite 320 Silver Spring, Maryland 20910

RE: Letter of Recommendation for the Excellence in Action Award 2018

This is in support of the Southwest Career Technical Academy CNA program in Las Vegas, Nevada. Sara Hartwich, RN has done an excellent job of teaching her students, mentoring when they struggle, and being active in the Las Vegas community. Her lectures are engaging and encourage critical thinking skills in her students. Her clinical rotations are structured and organized and the clinical partner has reached out to the Board to discuss their appreciation of Sara's commitment and professionalism.

Sara has partnered with outside communities for the hiring and payment of tests for their CNA candidates as well as other local communities to make this program a high quality, patient-centered program. Sara has opened the school to be a regional testing center and is the only high school currently testing their students for CNA prior to graduation.

Sara has a tough job; to ensure high school students are prepared to enter the medical field. She has done a stellar job and should be rewarded for her continued dedication and commitment.

Please contact me if you need further information.

Catherine Prato PhD, MSN, RN, CNE

Director of Nursing Education Nevada State Board of Nursing

cprato@nsbn.state.nv.us 702-668-4528 (work)

702-493-3420 (cell)

# Curriculum and Professional Development Division



3950 S Pecos-McLeod • LAS VEGAS, NV 89121 • (702) 855-7094

**CLARK COUNTY** 

**BOARD OF SCHOOL TRUSTEES** 

Deanna L. Wright, President Dr. Linda E. Young, Vice President Carolyn Edwards, Clerk Lola Brooks, Member Linda P. Cavazos, Member Kevin L. Child, Member Chris Garvey, Member

Pat Skorkowsky, Superintendent

SCHOOL DISTRICT

October 26th 2017

To Whom It May Concern,

It is with pleasure that I write this letter of recommendation on behalf of Sara Hartwich, who has served as the Nursing Assistant teacher at Southwest

Career Technical Academy for the past two years. I have had the opportunity to observe Ms. Hartwich in a variety of situations and in every instance she has conducted herself in a professional and exemplary manner. Her leadership, instructional, and interpersonal skills have ensured student growth and achievement. She is well-respected by students, parents, teachers, and administrators alike.

Ms. Hartwich consistently demonstrates respect for her ethnically diverse student population, and their families. She is proactive in addressing both academic and behavioral concerns. Her attention to detail has ensured the growth of the Nursing Assistant program at Southwest Career and Technical Academy. In just her two years at the school she has increased the amount of students enrolled in her program as well as the amount of students passing the Nursing Assistant exams.

She has the ability to motivate students through coaching, mentoring, and teaching. Through this motivation students have a greater love for the healthcare field. Ms. Hartwich has facilitated the growth of her program by providing her school as a center for the Nevada State Nursing Board to test nursing students in both a skills exam and a written exam. By doing this she ensure that her students have an opportunity to take the exam in a familiar and less intimidating setting. She has also built a partnership with community healthcare facilities for her students to conduct their clinicals. This relationship introduces her students to community healthcare professionals and facilitates there entrance into the healthcare field.

Thank you

Lola Shipp

Clark County School District Career and Technical Education

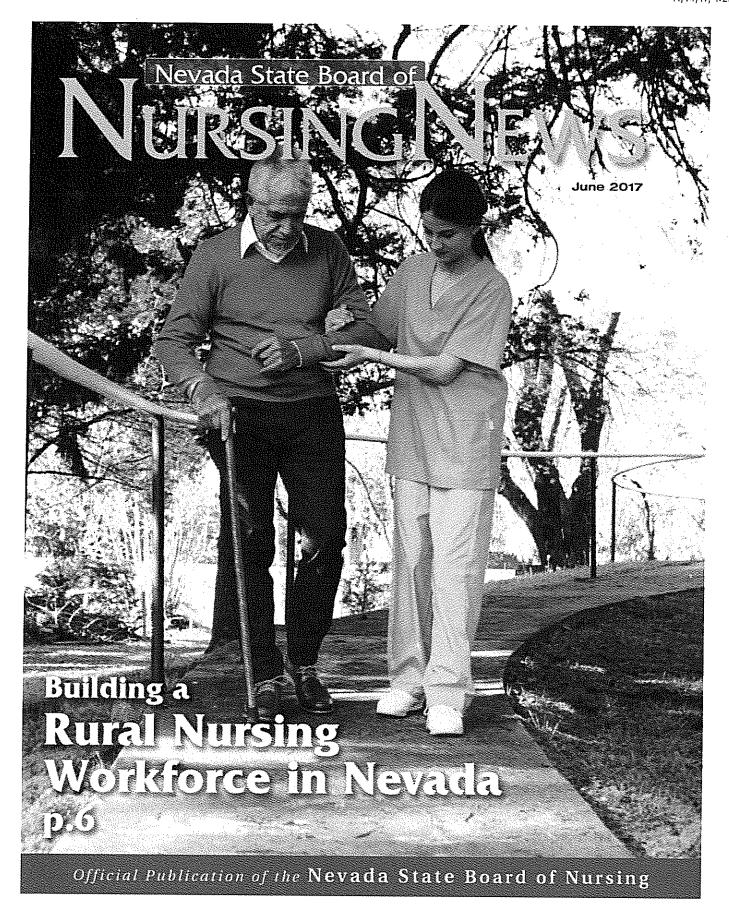
Health Science Project Facilitator

3950 S. Pecos-Mcleod Las Vegas NV 89121

702-799-8462 ex5119

shippln@nv.ccsd.net

Nevada Edition 55 11/14/17, 1:29 PM



Nevada Edition 55 11/14/17, 1:29 PM

# 

By Althea Chavez Gevero and Alexis Drevetzki journalism students at Southwest Career and Technical Academy

n just a few weeks, Kimberly Malkqui will take the exam to become a Certified Nursing Assistant. She has spent four years culminating knowledge about the profession and hours completing clinicals to gather experience in preparation for her exam. But the difference between Mallqui and thousands of other CNAs is that Mallqui is only a senior in high school. Upon graduation, and within months of leaving secondary education, she can already become a full-time CNA.

"I know I want to pursue the medical field, especially nursing, and I know that there's alternatives just in case, but in my heart I know I want to become a nurse," Mallqui said.

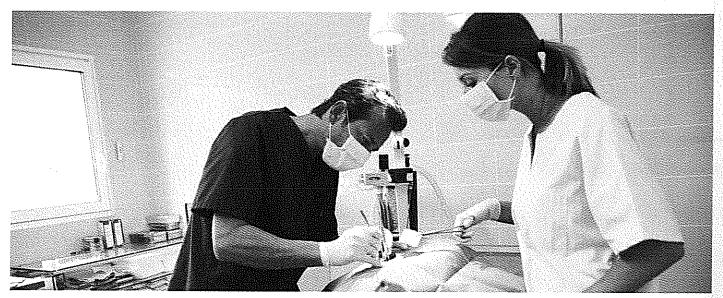
Southwest Career and Technical Academy is a magnet high school located in Las Vegas, NV. One of the many programs offered is Nursing Assisting, which Mallqui is enrolled in. The program was recently taken over by Mrs. Sara Hartwich, and within months of starting she has brought the program to a new level. Southwest CTA is now the first high school to become a regional test site for CNA testing and for students to sit for the exam prior to graduation.

"There is a comprehensive list of equipment and supplies our classroom needed to have available in order to be considered as a test site," Hartwich said. "Our sinks needed to have a certain type of

handle, our patient beds needed to be able to do certain functions, we needed to have clocks in certain places on the wall, we needed availability of computers for knowledge tests, and we needed to have specific supplies in order for students to perform all of their CNA skills. Once approved by Mrs. Donna Levy [principal], Headmaster [testing company] visited our classroom and assessed whether it met the Headmaster and Nevada Board of Nursing Standards in becoming a test site. We passed with flying colors."

In addition, students also have the chance to be employed after completing the exam. Southwest CTA has developed a partnership with the community to hire students who take the exam and in exchange will pay for the student's test fee.

"We are currently putting the finishing touches on the partnership with the local community," Flartwich said. "I knew and recognized that not all students had the financial ability to pay \$150 for certification tests. We couldn't make it [the test] mandatory unless we had a plan. We made some phone calls and networked with our community members to assess the possibility of merging a partnership. We had to initially inform the community on what we had to offer and the impact these students would make at their facilities. Once established, we formulated a plan that would entail the healthcare facilities to interview our students and if they were



Nevada State Board of Nursing \* Toll-Free 1-888-590-6726 \* nevadanursingboard.org

10

hired, the facility would pay for their tests.

Once the student graduates, they will

LEADING LEGAL REPRESENTATION FOR MEDICAL PROFESSIONALS

If the Board Calls,

We Have the Answer

Mount Grant General Hospital

Acute Nurses

MGGH is located in the small

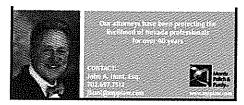
months."

Hartwich uses strategic methods to prepare her students. Mannequins were utilized to practice their nursing skill competencies, and students videotaped their competencies for immediate evaluation and continuous review. Once confident in their skills, students participated in clinical experiences to apply these skills to patients. During these weekly clinicals at a local nursing home, students were required to keep a journal to write their goals and reflect.

"I really liked the journals because they allowed us to keep track of what our experiences were like as each day went on, and each day we got better," Mallqui said. "Recording videos was also helpful to keep track of the progress we've made, from how nervous we were to do each competency to how comfortable we became."

While many students struggle to find their path after high school, Mallqui feels more than ready for life after graduation. With a guaranteed job and confidence in her skills, Hartwich's CNA program at Southwest CTA has truly prepared Mallqui for the workplace.

"This year is one of my best years in the program," Mallqui said. "I'm thankful for Ms. Hartwich because she's put so much effort into how we learn and preparing us for the next step. Our experiences have been very hands-on and interactive, and we're always reinforcing ideas by practicing. Sometimes I think, 'What if I went to a comprehensive high school?' But I'm







	-		

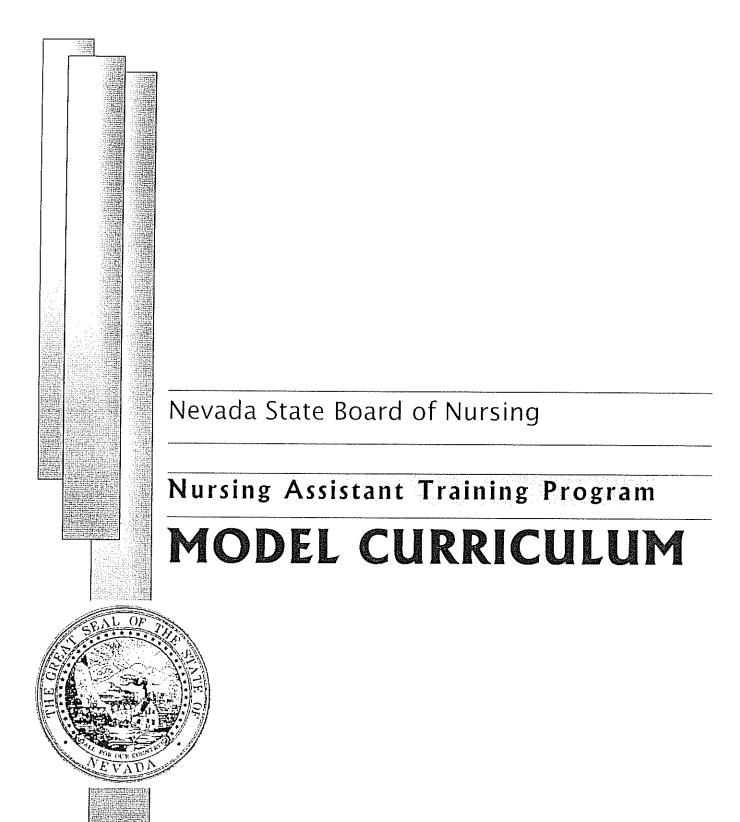
of the experiences here I can't get at a comprehensive high school, and vice versa, but it's a good trade off because I'm more prepared for the workplace."

Call (702) 228-2228 to start an account or visit OPENCCCUCOM

CCCU has shared over \$50 million since 2000. Bomis dividend amounts are declared by the board of directors and are not guaranteed annually



11



### **ACKNOWLEDGMENTS**

Special recognition and appreciation is extended to Elda Burke, RN and Kristine Beck, RN for their work in preparing the draft for this revision. Also, thanks to other members of the CNA Advisory Committee, both past and present, who were instrumental in bringing this publication to fruition. And to Patty O'Rourke-Langston, MHA, RN, for proofreading, exerting calibrated pressure and the loan of her Assistant, Jeanie Jenkins, who provided clerical support. And finally, thanks to Patty Towler, CNA Specialist, for her unrelenting "encouragement".

# Model Curriculum adopted by Nevada State Board of Nursing November 1989

Revised: February 1990 March 1992 November 1993 November 1999 November 2004 November 2005 August 2006



### The Nursing Assistant Training Model Curriculum Guide

#### INTRODUCTION

The Nursing Assistant Training Program Model Curriculum was designed to provide a guide for instructors and learners on the competencies needed by nursing assistants caring for clients in a variety of settings. The Model Curriculum meets the requirements of the Omnibus Reconciliation Act of 1987 (OBRA, CFR 42) and Nevada Revised Statute 632.

#### **LENGTH OF PROGRAM**

The curriculum is divided into 18 units, which include objectives, vocabulary and suggested content. The program must be a minimum of 75 hours. Classroom and laboratory work must be a minimum of 60 hours. OBRA requires a trainee complete a minimum of 16 hours training before being allowed to work in a facility. These 16 hours should include the following:

Communication and Interpersonal Skills Infection Control Safety/Emergency Procedures, including abdominal thrusts Promoting Residents' Independence Respecting Residents' Rights

#### GOALS OF THE INSTRUCTIONAL PROGRAM

The goals of the instructional program contained in this guide are:

- 1. To introduce the learner to the health care field of nursing assistants.
- To provide learners with experiences in the classroom and in the clinical areas that result in development of basic competencies required of nursing assistants.
- 3. To provide the learner with competencies that are prerequisite to specific areas and job entry.
- 4. To provide the learner with training required by State and Federal laws for employment as a nursing assistant.
- 5. To provide learners who have completed a nursing assistant training program with the opportunities to update their skills.

NOTE: Use of Standard Precautions, correct body mechanics, provision of privacy, maintaining confidentiality and proper use of side rails are expected to be integrated into all content and skills used in this manual. Therefore, they are not specifically addressed in each unit.

The word "client" will be used throughout the curriculum to refer to the person/patient/resident receiving care.

#### **GRADING OF LEARNERS**

Grading for each unit follows:

Minimum of 80% on all written and oral quizzes/tests Minimum of 100% (pass/fail) on all skills listed in Appendix A

Learners are permitted to practice skills until 100% accuracy is achieved. The test of skills must be given by a Registered Nurse who holds an instructor certification. Retakes are permitted on all oral or written quizzes/tests, up to two (2) times. The competency-based curriculum allows for variation in completion time because of the differences in individual learners.

#### **DOCUMENTATION OF COMPLETION**

Individuals wishing to certify as a nursing assistant must apply to the Nevada State Board of Nursing and qualify to take the program and the State competency testing for certification. Each individual who completes the program should be awarded a document of completion by the agency administering the program. The document means only that the learner has successfully completed the nursing assistant training program.

General Evaluation Information:

#### 1. Evaluation Criteria

- A. Skills: 1. Learner will demonstrate performance in a professional manner using appropriate communication and respect for clients' rights.
  - 2. Learner will achieve 100% on skills in order to pass. Unprofessional, unsafe or abusive behavior in testing will constitute a failure of the test.
- B. Written/Oral: Learner will achieve a minimum of 80% on oral/written exam.

#### 11. Unit Quizzes

Written/oral and manual quizzes should be completed at the end of each unit. Employer should be notified of skills successfully passed.

#### III. Final Exams

The final exam consists of two (2) parts: written (or oral) and manual skills, according to the Training Program's state-approved application.



## NURSING ASSISTANT PROGRAM WITH BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVES

Jnit 1:	The Role and Responsibility of the Nursing Assistant	1
Jnit 2:	Communication and Interpersonal Relationships	2
Jnit 3:	Safety and Infection Control	3
Jnit 4:	Anatomy and Physiology Subunit A: Musculoskeletal System Subunit B: The Urinary System Subunit C: The Integumentary System Subunit D: The Cardiovascular System Subunit E: The Respiratory System Subunit F: The Endocrine System Subunit G: The Sensory System Subunit H: The Digestive System Subunit I: The Nervous System Subunit J: Growth and Development Subunit K: Medical Terminology	5 7 8 9 . 10 . 11 . 12
Unit 5:	Bed Making and Environmental Comfort	. 14
Unit 6:	Personal Care Procedures Subunit A: Skin Care Subunit B: Oral Hygiene Subunit C: Bathing Procedures Subunit D: Dressing and Undressing Subunit E: Shaving Subunit F: Nail and Hair Care	. 16 . 17 . 18 . 19
Unit 7:	Vital Signs	,
Unit 8:	Nutritional Requirements and Techniques	. 22
Unit 9:	Admission and Discharge Procedures	. 23
Unit 10:	Exercise and Activity	. 24
Unit 11:	Elimination Procedures Subunit A: Urinary Bladder Elimination Subunit B: Bowel Elimination Subunit C: Collection of Specimens	. 26
Unit 12:	Unsterile Warm and Cold Applications	. 28
Unit 13:	Rehabilitation of Clients with Special Needs	. 29
Unit 14:	Clients with Nervous System Diseases	. 30
Unit 15:	Care of Clients with Diabetes	. 31
Unit 16:	Care of Clients with Respiratory Diseases	. 32
Unit 17:	Care of Clients with Cognitive Impairment	. 33
Unit 18:	Care of Clients who are Grieving, Dying or Deceased	. 34

21

# Unit 1: The Role and Responsibilities of the Nursing Assistant

### Behavioral Objectives: The student will be able to:

- 1. Define the vocabulary listed.
- Differentiate between the hospital, long-term care facility, hospice, home health agency and assisted living situations.
- Describe the importance of the nursing assistant to the health care team.
- 4. List responsibilities the nursing assistant has to the client, employer and self.
- 5. Give an example of the chain of command in the supervision of the nursing assistant.
- 6. Identify the scope of practice for the nursing assistant.
- Describe the appropriate response when asked to do tasks which are outside this scope.
- 8. Discuss legal issues related to nursing assistant practice, including liability, negligence, tort laws and incident reporting.
- Describe disciplinary actions which can be taken by the Nevada State Board of Nursing against a Certified Nursing Assistant certification.
- 10. Describe the ethical behavior of a nursing assistant.
- Describe residents' rights and how to promote a resident's quality of life.
- 12. Explain what is meant by elder abuse and the signs of elder abuse.
- 13. Explain how to report if elder abuse is suspected.
- 14. Explain CNA's role and responsibility as mandated reporters of elder abuse.

### Vocabulary to Know

Acute Illness
Assault
Assisted Living
Battery
Case
Management
Chronic Illness
Civil Law
Confidentiality
Criminal Law
Cross Training

Defamation
Discipline against certificate
Durable Power of Attorney
Ethics
False Imprisonment
Fraud
Functional Nursing
Health Care Team
Home Care
Health Agency

Hospice
Informed Consent
Invasion of Privacy
Libel
Living Will
Long Term/Skilled Care
LPN/LVN
Malpractice
Nursing Care Team
Patient Rights

Primary Nursing RN Scope of Practice Slander Team Nursing Tort Will

# Unit 2: Communication and Interpersonal Relationships

# Behavioral Objectives: The student will be able to:

- 1. Define the vocabulary listed.
- 2. Describe elements in the communication process (sender, receiver, message, transmitting device, feedback).
- 3. Describe barriers to successful communication.
- 4. Describe how observed interpretation of non-verbal behavior may improve or hinder communication with others.
- Describe Maslow's 5 basic needs for survival.
- 6. Explain the purpose, sections and information found in the medical record.
- Describe the nursing assistant's legal and ethical responsibilities regarding medical records.
- List basic rules for recording.
- Describe objective and subjective symptoms.
- 10. Describe the nursing assistant's contribution to carrying out the plan of care.
- 11. Recognize and develop a plan of personal stress management: How to cope/deal effectively with clients

### Vocabulary to Know

Barrier Care Plan Effectiveness Feedback Gestures Minimum Data Set Non-verbal Nursing Process
Objectives - signs
Reporting - oral
Reporting - written
Subjective/Symptoms
Verbal

## Unit 3: Safety and Infection Control

### Behavioral Objectives: The student will be able to:

- Define the vocabulary listed.
- 2. List rules of general safety.
- 3. List rules of fire and disaster safety. List rules of safety when oxygen is in use.
- 4. Demonstrate the principles of body mechanics.
- 5. Explain the purpose of restraints and the safety rules for use.
- 6. Describe the nursing assistant role in a restraint reduction program.
- Explain and describe the causes of obstructed airway showing the method used to relieve the obstruction.
- 8. Explain the chain of infection.
- 9. Explain the differences between medical asepsis, surgical asepsis, disinfection and sterilization.
- 10. Explain the Standard Precaution techniques, isolation precautions and their effects on the client.
- 11. Describe nosocomial infection and the client at risk.
- 12. Demonstrate proper hand washing.
- 13. Describe basic life-saving measures.
- 14. Attain CPR certification prior to patient contact.

### Vocabulary to Know

Automated External Defibrillator Biohazardous Material Body Mechanics Carrier Center of Gravity

Combustion
Contaminated
Disinfection
Flora
Host
Infection Control

Isolation Medical & Surgical Asepsis Microorganism Pathogen Positive Protein Derivative Reservoir

Spore
Standard
Precautions
Sterilization
Susceptible Host
Standard
Precautions

#### MANUAL SKILLS RELATED TO THIS UNIT

Abdominal thrusts Body Mechanics Goggles/face mask Gloving & removing CPR with AED Gowning Hand washing Transfer techniques

Reposition in wheelchair Restraint application (wrist/ankle, vest, waist)

# Unit 4: Anatomy and Physiology Subunit A: The Musculoskeletal System

## Behavioral Objectives:

The student will be able to:

- 1. Define vocabulary listed.
- 2. State the purposes of the skeleton.
- 3. Explain the impact of the aging process on the skeleton.
- 4. Describe the different types of fractures.
- 5. Give and example of the three types of muscle.
- 6. Describe how atrophy and contracture occur.

### Vocabulary to Know

Abnormality	
Anatomy	1
Anterior	
Atrophy	
Cardiac Muscle	

Contracture Dislocation Distal Fracture Inferior

Involuntary Muscle Osteoarthritis Osteoporosis Paralysis Physiology Posterior Rheumatoid Arthritis Striated Muscle Superior Voluntary Muscle

# Unit 4: Anatomy and Physiology Subunit B: The Urinary System

### Behavioral Objectives:

The student will be able to:

- 1. Define the vocabulary listed.
- 2. Name the components of the urinary system.
- 3. Describe the flow of urine through the urinary organs.
- 4. Describe the characteristics of normal and abnormal urine.
- Describe variables which impact urinary output (ratio of intake and output).
- 6. Explain how urinary tract infections may be prevented.
- 7. Explain causes of incontinence.

### Vocabulary to Know

Bladder Cystitis Immobility Incontinence Kegel Exercises Kidney

Meatus

Nephritis Perineum Prostate UTI Urethra Ureter

# Unit 4: Anatomy and Physiology Subunit C: The Integumentary System

## Behavioral Objectives:

The student will be able to:

- 1. Define the vocabulary listed.
- 2. Describe the purpose of the skin.
- 3. Discuss age-related skin changes.
- 4. Describe common skin injuries.

## Vocabulary to Know

Cyanosis Decubitus Edema Elasticity Erythema Eschar Follicle Integumentary Lubricate Perspiration Stages of Pressure Sores Turgor

# Unit 4: Anatomy and Physiology Subunit D: The Cardiovascular System

## <u>Behavioral Objectives</u>: The student will be able to:

\_\_\_\_\_\_

- 1. Define the vocabulary listed.
- 2. Name the components of the cardiovascular system.
- 3. Describe the flow of blood through the cardiovascular system.
- 4. Explain the function of arteries, veins and capillaries.
- 5. Describe the impact of aging on the cardiovascular system (stasis ulcer, decubitus/pressure sore, dependent edema).
- 6. Describe the procedure of performing an EKG.
- 7. Describe the procedure of monitor lead placement.

#### Vocabulary to Know

Aorta	Cardiovascular Edema	Systole
Arteries	Cyanosis Myocardial Infarcti	on Veins
Atria	Diastolic Pulse	Vena Cava
Blood Pressure	Diastole Systolic	Ventricles
Capillaries		

#### MANUAL SKILLS RELATED TO THIS UNIT

EKG

Monitor Lead Placement

NOTE: Discuss the relationship between the Cardiovascular and Respiratory Systems.



# Unit 4: Anatomy and Physiology Subunit E: The Respiratory System

### Behavioral Objectives:

The student will be able to:

- 1. Define vocabulary listed.
- 2. Name the components of the respiratory system.
- 3. Describe flow of air through the respiratory system.
- 4. Discuss impact of aging on the respiratory system.
- 5. Describe measures to prevent respiratory problems.

### Vocabulary to Know

Aspiration Alveoli Bronchi Carbon Dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>) Cyanosis Diaphragm Epiglottis Larynx Lungs Oxygen (O₂) Pharnyx Respiration Trachea

# Unit 4: Anatomy and Physiology Subunit F: The Endocrine System

### Behavioral Objectives: The student will be able to:

- 1. Define vocabulary listed.
- 2. List functions of major endocrine glands.
- 3. Describe impact of aging on glandular system.

## Vocabulary to Know

Adrenal Carbohydrates Diabetes Endocrine System Estrogen Excrete Hormones Immunity Insulin Metabolism Ovaries Pancreas Parathyroid Pituitary Progesterone

Secrete Testes Testosterone Thyroid

# Unit 4: Anatomy and Physiology Subunit G: The Sensory System

Behavioral Objectives: The student will be able to:

- 1. Define the vocabulary listed.
- 2. List the five sense organs and describe their function.
- 3. Describe the impact of aging on each of the senses.

#### Vocabulary to Know

Auditory	Glaucoma	Senses	Tactile
Aural	Olfactory	Sensory system	Taste.
Cataract	Peripheral Vision	Stimulus	Visual
Environment			

# Unit 4: Anatomy and Physiology Subunit H: The Digestive System

### Behavioral Objectives:

The student will be able to:

- 1. Describe the vocabulary listed.
- 2. Describe the components of the digestive system.
- 3. Describe the digestive process.
- 4. Discuss the impact of aging on the digestive system.

### Vocabulary to Know

Anus Bile Digestion Esophagus Feces GI

Gallbladder Gastric Juice/Chyme

llium Jejunum Large Intestine/Colon Liver

Pancreas Peristalsis Rectum Small Intestine Sphincter Stomach

# Unit 4: Anatomy and Physiology Subunit I: The Nervous System

### Behavioral Objective:

The student will be able to:

- 1. Define the vocabulary listed.
- 2. Describe the components of the nervous system.
- 3. Discuss the impact of disease process and/or aging on the nervous system.

### Vocabulary to Know

Autonomic Nervous System (ANS)

Brain

Brain Stem

Central Nervous System (CNS)

Cerebellum

Cerebrovascular Accident

Cerebral Cortex .

Cerebral Spinal Fluid (CSF)

Cerebrum

Cranial Nerves.

Equilibrium

Hemispheres (right and left)

Peripheral

Peripheral Nervous System (PNS)

Reflexes

Spinal Cord

# Unit 4: Anatomy and Physiology Subunit J: Growth and Development

Behavioral Objectives: The student will be able to:

- 1. Understand the principles of growth and development.
- 2. Identify the stages of growth and development and normal age ranges for each stage.

# Unit 4: Anatomy and Physiology Subunit K: Medical Terminology

Behavioral Objectives: The student will be able to:

- 1. Identify three word elements used in medical terms.
- 2. Know the meaning of common prefixes, suffixes and root words.
- 3. Know common abbreviations used in health care.

# Unit 5: Bed Making and Environmental Comfort

#### Behavioral Objectives:

The student will be able to:

- 1. Define the vocabulary listed
- 2. Explain the importance bed making has to the comfort of the client.
- Identify characteristics of a well-made bed.
- Describe how to make an unoccupied bed:
  - A. that is closed;
  - B. that is open.
- Demonstrate how to make an occupied bed.
- 6. List and explain the purpose of the following comfort devices which are added to the bed or to the person: bed cradle, foot board, sheepskin, eggcrate mattress, air mattress, heel/elbow protectors, hand rolls, trochanter rolls and pillows.
- 7. Identify how temperature, odors, noise and lighting affect comfort of the client.

### Vocabulary to Know

Closed Bed

Draw (lifting/turning sheet

Egg crate

Environment

Fan-fold Mitered Corner Occupied Open Bed

Trochanter

#### MANUAL SKILLS RELATED TO THIS UNIT

Closed bed Occupied bed Open bed Surgical bed Unoccupied bed

# Unit 6: Personal Care Procedures Subunit A: Skin Care

### Behavioral Objectives:

The student will be able to:

- 1. Define the vocabulary listed.
- 2. Explain the importance of skin care.
- 3. Describe skin problems resulting from immobility.
- 4. State nursing actions which help in prevention and treatment of pressure areas, decubitus (pressure) ulcers, pruritus and skin rashes.
- 5. Describe giving a back rub.
- 6. Describe perineal care.
- 7. Describe the care of a client wearing prosthetic devices.
- 8. Describe and demonstrate the procedure for the application of a dry sterile dressing.

### Vocabulary to Know

Bed Cradle Decubitus, Decubiti Egg Crate Excoriation Feces Footboard Incontinent Infection Lesions
Nursing Action
Perineal
Prosthesis

Pruritus Sheepskin Special Beds

### MANUAL SKILLS RELATED TO THIS UNIT

Application of skin protectors Dry sterile dressing

Back rub

Perineal care (male & female)

# Unit 6: Personal Care Procedures Subunit B: Oral Hygiene

### Behavioral Objectives:

The student will be able to:

- 1. Define the vocabulary listed.
- 2. Identify frequency and benefits of oral hygiene.
- 3. Describe safety procedures to use when providing oral care.
- 4. Describe brushing of teeth and denture care.
- Explain the importance of examination of the oral cavity.
- 6. Explain the importance of oral hygiene in unconscious clients.
- 7. Discuss disorders that indicate the need for frequent oral hygiene.
- 8. Describe the procedure for oral hygiene of the unconscious client.

### Vocabulary to Know

Aspiration
Bridges
<b>Dental Caries</b>

Dentures Halitosis Lemon-glycerin swab

Oral Hygiene Palate

Palate
Partial Plate

Stomatitis Toothette Unconscious

#### MANUAL SKILLS RELATED TO THIS UNIT

Brushing teeth

Denture care and cleaning

Oral hygiene for the unconscious person

#### Unit 6: **Personal Care Procedures** Subunit C: Bathing Procedures

### Behavioral Objectives:

The student will be able to:

- 1. Define the vocabulary listed.
- 2. Identify bathing methods.
- 3. Discuss benefits of bathing.
- 4. Identify safety measures used during bathing.
- 5. Describe complete bed bath, tub bath, partial bath and shower. (Whirlpool bath depending on facility policy.)

### Vocabulary to Know

A.M. Care

H.S. Care P.M. Care Partial Bath

Tub Bath Whirlpool

Canthus Complete Bed Bath Shower Chair

# ~EMPHASIZE SAFETY AND PRIVACY~

### MANUAL SKILLS RELATED TO THIS UNIT

Complete bed bath Tub bath

Partial bath Whirlpool

Shower



# Unit 6: Personal Care Procedures Subunit D: Dressing and Undressing

### Behavioral Objectives: The student will be able to:

- 1. Define the vocabulary listed.
- 2. Explain the importance of grooming and dressing properly.
- Describe how to dress and undress a person with an affected arm and/or leg.
- 4. Describe how to apply elastic stockings.
- Identify various types of clothing which could be used for a client who has difficulty dressing and undressing due to disabilities effecting their mobility.
- 6. Identify assistive (self-help) devices which help disabled clients to dress and undress.

### Vocabulary to Know

Assistive Devices Independent Intravenous (IV)
Modified Clothing

Paralysis TED Hose Velcro

### MANUAL SKILLS RELATED TO THIS UNIT

Apply TED (elastic) stockings Change a gown with an IV in place Dress and undress client with an affected limb(s)

# Unit 6: Personal Care Procedures Subunit E: Shaving

## Behavioral Objectives: The student will be able to:

- 1. Explain why shaving is important.
- 2. Identify measures that are practiced when shaving a client.
- 3. Describe care of mustaches and beards.

## MANUAL SKILLS RELATED TO THIS UNIT

Shave a client

# Unit 6: Personal Care Procedures Subunit F: Nail and Hair Care

Behavioral Objectives:

The student will be able to:

- 1. Define the vocabulary listed.
- 2. Explain the importance of nail and hair care to the client.
- 3. State situations when the nursing assistant would not be permitted to trim a client's nails.
- 4. Describe nail and hair care.
- 5. Describe shampooing hair for a bedfast client.

Vocabulary	≀ to Know
* OOGOGIGI	

Brittle Nails

Cyanotic Nails

Pediculosis Podiatrist

Circulatory Disorders

Mycotic Nails

# MANUAL SKILLS RELATED TO THIS UNIT

Brushing/combing hair

Nail care

Shampooing hair

- Nail care may be done by nursing assistants with the following exceptions:

Clients with diabetes,

Clients with compromised circulation,

Clients with thick, mycotic nails, or

Clients receiving anticoagulants.

## Unit 7: Vital Signs

## Behavioral Objectives: The student will be able to:

- 1. Define the vocabulary listed.
- Explain why vital signs are measured and identify factors which can affect vital signs.
- 3. Identify appropriate route for temperature taking with various client populations.
- 4. Identify normal ranges of oral, rectal, tympanic and axillary body temperatures.
- Demonstrate accurate use of glass, electronic and disposable thermometers.
- 6. Identify the sites for taking a pulse and when a site other than the radial is appropriate.
- 7. Demonstrate how to take an accurate pulse and respiration.
- 8. Describe "normal" respirations.
- 9. Identify the "normal" range for adult blood pressure.
- 10 Describe how to take an accurate blood pressure.
- 11. Select the correct cuff size for different sized persons.
- 12. Identify when not to use an arm for a blood pressure.

## Vocabulary to Know

Ì
C
.;
er De
į
:

Cheyne-Stokes Diastolic (Diastole) Dyspnea Febrile Force Hypertension

Hyperventilation Hypotension Hypoventilation Irregular Pulse Radial Artery Rate Tachycardia Rhythm Shock Sphygmomanometer Stethoscope Systolic (systole) Tachypnea Thready

### MANUAL SKILLS RELATED TO THIS UNIT

Apical pulse Blood pressure Rectal temperature

Apical/radial pulse Oral temperature w/glass thermometer Respirations Axillary temperature Radial pulse Tympanic temperature

## Unit 8: Nutritional Requirements and Techniques

## Behavioral Objectives:

The student will be able to:

- 1. Define the vocabulary listed.
- 2. Describe the food guide pyramid.
- 3. State symptoms of dehydration.
- Describe the various special diets that may be ordered for patients and give an example of a diagnosis that may require each of these diets.
- 5. List dietary practices which are significant to various religions or ethnic groups.
- 6. Describe preparing, serving and feeding of the client who requires assistance.
- 7. Discuss thickened liquids for the client with swallowing difficulties.
- 8. Describe completing the intake and output (I&O) record.
- 9. Discuss observations of the client receiving intravenous fluids.
- 10. Discuss observations of the patient receiving tube feedings.
- 11. Describe assistive devices available to assist patients in eating meals.

## Vocabulary to Know

Anorexia	Fluid Restriction	Intravenous	Parenteral Fluids
Bulimia	Force Fluids	Nasogastric	Regular Diet
Constipation	Gastrostomy	Nausea	Special Diet
Dehydration	Hyperalimentation	Obesity	Supplemental Fluids
Dysphagia	1&O	그는 그들이 되어 되었다면 하다.	

#### MANUAL SKILLS RELATED TO THIS UNIT

Calculation of dietary intake Prepare client for a meal Feeding Serving meal trays Measure I & O

## Unit 9: Admission and Discharge Procedures

### Behavioral Objectives:

The student will be able to:

- 1 Define the vocabulary listed.
- 2. Explain the admission of a client according to agency policy.
- 3. Explain discharge of a client according to agency policy. (This may include transfer to another facility or unit.)
- 4. Describe the proper procedure for measuring height and weight.

## Vocabulary to Know

Call Light
Clothing List
Facility/Agency Policy

Height I.D. Bracelet Inventory List Mode of Transportation Orientation Transfer

Valuables List Weight

### MANUAL SKILLS RELATED TO THIS UNIT

Admission Vital signs Discharge

Height and Weight

## Unit 10: Exercise and Activity

## Behavioral Objectives:

The student will be able to:

- Define the vocabulary listed.
- Describe benefits of exercise and activity on each of the body systems.
- 3. Discuss complications that can occur when a person is confined to bed without exercise.
- 4. Describe basic range of motion (ROM).
- Describe principles of safety as they relate to wheelchairs, beds, gurneys, transfers with assistive devices, etc.
- 6. Describe ways of moving the client up in bed.
- 7. Describe transferring a client to a wheelchair or chair and the principles of wheelchair safety.
- 8. Describe transferring a patient to a gurney.
- Describe positioning clients in the following: supine, prone, side-lying (lateral), Sim's and Fowler's position.
- 10. Describe ambulating a client with or without the use of assistive devices.
- 11. Describe how to protect the client and yourself if client should begin to fall while ambulating.
- 12. Describe application and removal of established prostheses, immobilizers and braces.

## Vocabulary to Know

Abduction Adduction Active ROM Ambulate Body Alignment	Dangle	Immobilizers	Prostheses
	Extension	Lift/Turn Sheet	ROM
	Flexion	Log Roll	Semi-Fowler's
	Fowler's	Passive ROM	Sim's
	Gait Belt	Prone	Supine
Braces			

## MANUAL SKILLS RELATED TO THIS UNIT

Ambulate client without assistive devices and with cane, walker, gait belt Move client up in bed with/without assistance Transfer client from bed to gurney and back Transfer from bed to wheelchair/chair and back with/without assistance Turn client in bed with/without sheet Control of client who falls while ambulating Position client in supine, prone, side-lying, Fowler's and Sim's

Log roll client Dangle Basic ROM (passive & active)

# Unit 11: Elimination Procedures Subunit A: Urinary Bladder Elimination

### Behavioral Objectives:

The student will be able to:

- 1. Define the vocabulary listed.
- Describe and name major structures of the urinary system; briefly explain function of urinary system.
- Identify normal and abnormal characteristics of urine and usual amounts voided. Identify observations which must be reported to the nurse.
- 4. Discuss use of bedpans, urinals and commodes.
- 5. Define urinary incontinence and discuss common reasons why people become incontinent.
- 6. Describe nursing care required for the incontinent client.
- 7. Describe perineal care/peri care.
- 8. Explain the importance of fluids to the urinary system.
- 9. Describe the different types of catheters. Explain why they are a source of infection.
- Identify types of urinary drainage bags and describe the application of each.
- 11. Describe the emptying of a catheter drainage bag and cleansing of tubing.
- 12. Describe catheter care for male and female.
- 13. Explain bladder retraining and the role and responsibility of the CNA.
- 14. Demonstrate recording of output for incontinent clients.
- 15. Discuss straining urine.
- 16. Describe the purpose and process of performing a bladder scan.

## Vocabulary to Know

Aseptic Technique
Bedpan
Catheter:
 external
 Foley
 indwelling
 straight
 suprapubic

Catheter Care Commode Concentrated Urine Fracture Pan Graduate Hematuria Hydration Incontinent Kegel Exercise Meatus Perineum(al)

Sphincter Weakness Ureter Urethra Urinal Voiding

#### MANUAL SKILLS RELATED TO THIS UNIT

Placing a client on a bedpan Straining urine for kidney stones Changing/applying a drainage bag (leg)

Placing a urinal Emptying a urinary drainage bag Bladder Scan Perineal Care Catheter Care

# Unit 11: Elimination Procedures Subunit B: Bowel Elimination

### Behavioral Objectives:

The student will be able to:

- 1. Define the vocabulary listed.
- Describe and name the major structures of the digestive system. Explain the function of the digestive system.
- Identify the normal and abnormal characteristics of feces and which observations must be reported to the nurses.
- Identify factors that effect bowel elimination including fluids, fiber and exercise. Also include factors that promote comfort and safety during defecation.
- 5. Describe bowel training and which nursing measures may help a client regain normal bowel function.
- 6. Explain why the various types of enemas are given and describe the administration of each.
- Describe colostomy and ileostomy and the types of diseases or injuries necessitating their creation.
- Describe care of an established colostomy.
- Describe digital stimulation and why it might be necessary.

## Vocabulary to Know

Defecation
Diarrhea
Diverticulitis
Enema: cleansing
fleets
oil retention
soap suds (SSE

Feces
Flatus/Flatulence
lleostomy
Impaction, fecal
Occult Blood
Peristalsis

Stoma Stool Suppository Tarry Stool

## MANUAL SKILLS RELATED TO THIS UNIT

Giving an enema

Colostomy care, change the pouch

Digital stimulation

# Unit 11: Elimination Procedures Subunit C: Collection of Specimens

#### Behavioral Objectives:

The student will be able to:

- 1. Define the vocabulary listed.
- 2. List general rules which apply to the collection of all specimens.
- 3. Describe the collection of a routine urinalysis and a mid-stream, clean catch urine specimen.
- 4. Describe the collection of a urine specimen through an indwelling catheter port.
- 5. Explain the collection of a 24-hour urine specimen.
- 6. Identify the reasons a stool specimen might be needed.
- 7. Describe the collection of a routine stool specimen or specimen for occult blood.
- 8. Explain why stool specimens for ova and parasite (O&P) should be kept warm.

## Vocabulary to Know

C & S Catheterization Clean Catch Genital Area Hemoccult Test Mid-Stream Occult Blood
Ova and Parasites
Penis

Perineum Urinalysis, routine

#### MANUAL SKILL RELATED TO THIS UNIT

Urine specimen collection Stool specimen collection

Urine specimen from catheter port using syringe

# Unit 12: Procedures for Unsterile Warm and Cold Applications

## Behavioral Objectives:

The student will be able to:

- 1. Define the vocabulary listed.
- Describe the general rules related to the application of heat to a part of the body.
- List the major effects of the use of heat.
- 4. Describe the general rules related to the application of cold to a part of the body.
- List the major effects of the use of cold.
- 6. State the types of warm applications.
- State the types of cold applications.
- 8. List safety factors that need to be considered when administering warm or cold applications.
- 9. Identify possible complications of warm and cold applications.
- 10. Describe the steps in application of the following: K-pad, warm compresses/packs and ice pack.
- 11. Describe how and why a sitz bath is done.

## Vocabulary to Know

Blanching	
Constrict	
Cyanosis	

Dilate Excoriation Hypothermia Generalized K-pad Localized Sitz Bath Tepid Sponge Bath

## MANUAL SKILLS RELATED TO THIS UNIT

Apply a K-pad (moist or dry warm application)

Apply an ice pack

# Unit 13: Rehabilitation of Clients with Special Needs

## Behavioral Objectives: The student will be able to:

- Describe attributes nursing assistants must acquire to work successfully with clients who are physically and/or mentally impaired.
- Discuss how clients with mental and physical limitations may need assistance in meeting basic human needs.
- Describe how rehabilitation involves all aspects of the client's life: physical, psychosocial, spiritual, etc.
- 4. Identify the complications that need to be prevented for rehabilitation to be successful.
- 5. List actions nursing assistants can use to help a client who has difficulty communicating.
- List actions a nursing assistant can use to help a client with physical limitations including vision and hearing.
- Identify the normal anatomical and physiological changes that occur in the elderly.
- Identify the psychosocial and cognitive changes or adjustments the elderly must make to compensate for the anatomical and physiological changes brought on by aging.

# Unit 14: Care of Clients with Nervous System Diseases

### Behavioral Objectives:

The student will be able to:

- Define the vocabulary listed.
- 2. Differentiate between the central nervous system and the peripheral nervous system.
- Identify and describe the following common disorders involving the nervous system: stroke (CVA), spinal cord injuries, epilepsy, multiple sclerosis and Parkinson's Disease.
- 4. Discuss nursing actions for clients who have seizures; include important observations to make.

### Vocabulary to Know

Aphasia Alert Clonic Coma	Convulsion CVA Dysphagia Hemiplegia	Grand Mal Seizure Stupor Lethargy Tonic Petit Mal Seizure Tremor Quadriplegia

## Unit 15: Care of the Client with Diabetes

### Behavioral Objectives:

The student will be able to:

- Define the vocabulary listed
- 2. Identify the glands of the endocrine system and describe their basic function.
- 3. Describe Type I and Type II Diabetes.
- 4. Describe the ways diabetes is managed/treated through balancing diet, exercise and medication.
- Describe the symptoms of hyperglycemia and hypoglycemia and the emergency treatment of each.
- 6. Explain the ADA meal plan and the use of exchange food groups.

### Vocabulary to Know

ADA Diet Blood Sugar/Blood Glucose Clinitest/Acetest Diabetic Coma Endocrine Gland Fasting Blood Sugar Glucometer Glucose Hormone Hyperglycemia Hypoglycemia Insulin

Insulin Shock Ketoacidosis Pancreas

## Unit 16: Care of Clients with Respiratory Diseases

#### Behavioral Objectives: The student will be able to:

- Define the vocabulary listed. 1.
- Describe the respiratory system and its functions. 2.
- List signs and symptoms of respiratory distress which need to be reported. 3.
- Identify safety measures which need to be taken when a client requires oxygen therapy by 4. mask, cannula and trach mist.
- Discuss nursing measures to care for clients with Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease and 5.
- Discuss nursing measures (including isolation) to care for clients with tuberculosis. 6.
- State reasons for collection of sputum specimens. 7.
- Describe steps of sputum collection including client instructions. 8.
- Describe reasons for using pulse oximetry. 9.
- Describe and demonstrate process for oxygen flow rate adjustment. 10.

## Vocabulary to Know

Alveolus/Alveoli Apnea Bronchi Carbon Dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>) Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease (COPD)

Diaphragm Dyspnea Expectorate Oxygen (O<sub>2</sub>) Oxygen Saturation (O2 sat)

Postural Drainage Sputum Trachea

#### MANUAL SKILLS RELATED TO THIS UNIT

Converting oxygen tubing from wall meter or concentrator to a portable tank Collection of sputum specimens Placement of the pulse oximetry probe Adjusting oxygen flow rate

## Unit 17: Care of Clients with Cognitive Impairment

## Behavioral Objectives:

The student will be able to:

- 1. Define the vocabulary listed.
- 2. Describe various reactions seen in ill people: anger, confusion, depression, withdrawal, etc.
- 3. Define confusion and dementia.
- 4. Identify contributing causes of confusion and dementia.
- 5. Describe Alzheimer's disease and the stages an afflicted client experiences.
- 6. Describe the impact which cognitive impairments have on family members.
- 7. Describe nursing actions when caring for a client with dementia and one who may also be combative.
- 8. Develop a plan of reality orientation which can be used when working with a confused person.
- 9. Discuss the role of the nursing assistant in preventing and reporting elder abuse.
- 10. Recognize and develop a plan of how to cope/deal effectively with cognitively impaired clients.

## Vocabulary to Know

Alzheimer's Disease

Confusion

Dementia

MANUAL SKILLS RELATED TO THIS UNIT

Reality orientation

# Unit 18: Care of Clients Who are Grieving, Dying or Deceased

### Behavioral Objectives:

The student will be able to:

- Define the vocabulary listed.
- 2. Describe the rights of a dying client. Include quality of life issues, the Patient Self-Determination Act of 1990 and Do Not Resuscitate orders.
- Describe the stages of the grieving process.
- 4. Describe a hospice program.
- 5. Describe signs and symptoms of approaching death and death itself.
- 6. Describe ways to meet the physical needs of the dying client.
- 7. Describe ways to meet the dying client's psychological, social and spiritual needs while respecting cultural and religious differences.
- 8. Describe post-mortem care.
- Describe signs and symptoms of mental health conditions.
- 10. Describe suicide prevention measures.

### Vocabulary to Know

Advance Directive Acceptance Anger Apnea Bargaining Cheyne-Stokes Depression Denial Hospice Mental Health Mottled Skin Post-mortem Rigor Mortis Suicide

### MANUAL SKILLS RELATED TO THIS UNIT

Post-mortem care

## NEVADA DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION CURRICULUM FRAMEWORK FOR NURSING ASSISTANT

Program Title:	NURSING ASSISTANT
STATE SKILL STANDARDS:	HEALTH SCIENCE I & II NURSING ASSISTANT
STANDARDS REFERENCE CODE:	NURSE
CAREER CLUSTER:	HEALTH SCIENCE
CAREER PATHWAY:	THERAPEUTIC SERVICES
PROGRAM LENGTH:	3 LEVELS (L1, L2, L3C)
PROGRAM ASSESSMENT	NURSING ASSISTANT WORKPLACE READINESS SKILLS
CTSO:	HOSA
GRADE LEVEL:	9-12
AVAILABLE INDUSTRY CERTIFICATIONS/LICENSES PROVIDERS:	CERTIFIED NURSING ASSISTANT, CPR, FIRST AID, ICS

#### PROGRAM PURPOSE

The purpose of this program is to prepare students for postsecondary education and employment in the Nursing Assistant industry.

The program includes the following state standards:

- Nevada CTE Skill Standards: Nursing Assistant
- Employability Skills for Career Readiness
- Nevada Academic Content Standards (alignment shown in the Nevada CTE Skill Standards):
  - Science (based on the Next Generation Science Standards)
  - English Language Arts (based on the Common Core State Standards)
  - Mathematics (based on the Common Core State Standards)
- Common Career Technical Core (alignment shown in the Nevada CTE Skill Standards)

### **CAREER CLUSTERS**

Revised: 07/09/2015

The National Career Clusters<sup>TM</sup> Framework provides a vital structure for organizing and delivering quality CTE programs through learning and comprehensive programs of study (POS). In total, there are 16 Career Clusters in the National Career Clusters<sup>TM</sup> Framework, representing more than 79 Career Pathways to help students navigate their way to greater success in college and career. As an organizing tool for curriculum design and instruction, Career Clusters<sup>TM</sup> provide the essential knowledge and skills for the 16 Career Clusters<sup>TM</sup> and their Career Pathways.\*

\*Cite: National Association of State Directors of Career Technical Education Consortium, (2012). Retrieved from http://www.careertech.org/career-clusters/glance/careerclusters.html

Nursing Assistant 2

# DEFINITIONS AND INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGIES FOR EMPLOYABILITY SKILLS FOR CAREER READINESS STANDARDS

## PERFORMANCE STANDARD 1.1: DEMONSTRATE PERSONAL QUALITIES AND PEOPLE SKILLS

Performance	Definitions and Instructional Strategies
Indicators	Demonstrate a positive work ethic by coming to work every day on time, a willingness to take direction, and motivation to accomplish the task at hand Demonstration may include:  • Maintaining punctual and consistent attendance (e.g., accounting for hours worked, arriving on time for work or appointments).  • Taking direction willingly (e.g., using active listening techniques, approaching the assigned task with motivation).  • Exhibiting motivation to accomplish the task at hand (e.g., remaining on task, working independently, completing the task efficiently, being a self-directed learner).  Instructional strategies may include:  • Define positive work ethic.  • Calculate daily/weekly time sheets.  • Identify employee traits desired by employers.  • Role-play an employer or employee that exemplifies good work ethic.
1.1.2	Demonstrate integrity by abiding by workplace policies and laws and demonstrating honesty and reliability  Demonstration may include:  Identifying and abiding by laws and workplace policies (e.g., using personal and sick leave only when necessary, understanding harassment and discrimination policies).  Respecting the property of the employer and coworkers.  Identifying how one's actions and behavior can have far-reaching effects (e.g., personal behavior affects others nearby; business decisions can have global implications or impact the environment).  Exhibiting honesty and reliability.  Instructional strategies may include:  Define integrity.  Review samples of human resource policies.  Investigate common employer-personnel issues.  Differentiate between honesty and reliability.
1.1.3	Demonstrate teamwork skills by contributing to the success of the team, assisting others, and requesting help when needed  Demonstration may include:  Contributing to the success of the team (e.g., brainstorming solutions, volunteering, collaborating, compromising, valuing individual contributions, performing in accordance with the assigned role).  Assisting others (e.g., supporting team members and leaders, taking initiative).  Requesting help when needed (e.g., asking questions after consulting manuals on policies and procedures, knowing when to seek help from coworkers and supervisors).  Instructional strategies may include:  Define teamwork.  Interpret the critical skills exhibited by effective team members.  Compare and contrast the various roles of team members.  Participate in team projects to practice communication skills.



1.1.4	Demonstrate positive self-representation skills by dressing appropriately and using language and manners suitable for the workplace Demonstration may include:
į	<ul> <li>Dressing appropriately (i.e., adhering to professional rather than personal standards, following dress code).</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Maintaining personal hygiene.</li> <li>Using language and manners suitable for the workplace (i.e., adhering to respectful, polite, and professional practices).</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Instructional strategies may include:</li> <li>Research the values of dressing appropriately for a variety of settings including school and business.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Compare and contrast workplace dress versus personal dress.</li> <li>Analyze different body languages to understand the messages they send.</li> </ul>
	Practice professional business etiquette and communications.
1.1.5	Demonstrate diversity awareness by working well with all customers and coworkers Demonstration may include:
	<ul> <li>Working in a respectful and friendly manner with all customers and coworkers (i.e., treating all with the same degree of professional respect), regardless of national origin, race, appearance, religion, gender, disability, or age.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Respecting cultural differences encountered in the workplace.</li> <li>Instructional strategies may include:</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Define diversity.</li> <li>Summarize the Civil Rights Act of 1964 and the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990.</li> <li>Explain the importance of cultural awareness in the global market.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Identify cultural differences that affect communication (e.g., hand gestures, body language, and customs).</li> </ul>
1.1.6	Demonstrate conflict-resolution skills by negotiating diplomatic solutions to interpersonal and workplace issues
	<ul> <li>Demonstration may include:</li> <li>Demonstration includes negotiating diplomatic solutions to interpersonal conflicts in the workplace (e.g., personality issues, cultural difference issues, disagreements over how to handle work projects, performance issues).</li> </ul>
	Instructional strategies may include:
	<ul> <li>Identify different types of conflicts.</li> <li>Identify various viewpoints of an issue in order to encourage sensitivity and to resolve conflicts.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Introduce a problem-solving procedure and role-play various conflict scenarios.</li> </ul>
1.1.7	Demonstrate creativity and resourcefulness by contributing new ideas and working with initiative  Demonstration may include:
	<ul> <li>Contributing new and innovative ideas (e.g., for improving products and procedures).</li> <li>Displaying initiative readily, independently, and responsibly.</li> <li>Dealing skillfully and promptly with new situations and obstacles.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Developing operational policies and procedures that use resources in a sustainable manner.</li> <li>Instructional strategies may include;</li> <li>Define creativity and creative-thinking.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Research great inventors.</li> <li>Analyze a problem, brainstorm solutions, and identify a solution.</li> <li>Create a futuristic product.</li> </ul>

Rev: 5/30/2014

## PERFORMANCE STANDARD 1.2: DEMONSTRATE PROFESSIONAL KNOWLEDGE AND SKILLS

Performance Indicators	Definitions and Instructional Strategies
[,2,]	Demonstrate effective speaking and listening skills by communicating effectively with customers and employees and following directions  Demonstration may include:
1.2.2	Demonstrate effective reading and writing skills by reading and interpreting workplace documents and writing clearly  Demonstration may include:  Reading and correctly interpreting workplace documents (e.g., instructional manuals, work orders, invoices, memorandums).  Writing clear, correct language, appropriate to audience.  Instructional strategies may include:  Utilize instructional manuals to solve a problem.  Interpret and complete work orders, invoices, and other workplace documents.  Create technical reports.
1.2.3	Demonstrate critical-thinking and problem-solving skills by analyzing and resolving problems that arise in completing assigned tasks  Demonstration may include:  Recognizing, analyzing, and solving problems that arise in completing assigned tasks.  Identifying resources that may help solve a specific problem.  Using a logical approach to make decisions and solve problems.  Instructional strategies may include:  Define critical-thinking and problem-solving skills.  Analyze a problem and predict a solution.  Utilize a problem-solving procedure to solve a problem.

Rev: 5/30/2014 Nevada CTE Standards

1.2.4	Demonstrate healthy behaviors and safety skills by following safety guidelines and managing personal health Demonstration may include:  • Managing personal health (e.g., setting short-, medium-, and long-term physical-fitness goals: eating non- or minimally-processed foods).  • Following safety guidelines (e.g., adhering to Occupational Safety and Health Administration [OSHA] standards and instructor and manufacturer guidelines).  Instructional strategies may include:  • Explain importance/impact of personal health as it relates to employment and work.  • Create goals to promote healthy behaviors.  • Design a chart that illustrates safety guidelines.  • Pass a safety test.
1.2.5	Demonstrate understanding of workplace organizations, systems, and climates by identifying "big picture" issues and fulfilling the mission of the workplace  Demonstration may include:  • Identifying "big picture" issues and goals (e.g., the organization's structure, culture, policies, and procedures, as well as its role and status within the industry, economy, and community)  • Acknowledging the economic, political, and social relationships that impact multiple levels of an organization (e.g., local, national, international).  • Explaining one's role in fulfilling the mission of the organization.  Instructional strategies may include:
	<ul> <li>Investigate corporate visions and indentify their importance.</li> <li>Illustrate the hierarchy of a company.</li> <li>Define vision and mission statements.</li> <li>Develop a business concept and its vision and mission statements.</li> </ul>
1.2.6	Demonstrate lifelong-learning skills by continually acquiring new industry-related information and improving professional skills  Demonstration may include:
1.2.7	Demonstrate job acquisition and advancement skills by preparing to apply for a job and seeking promotion  Demonstration may include:  • Preparing to apply for a job (e.g., complete personal aptitude and interest inventories, performing a job search, developing a résumé, preparing for an interview).  • Identifying steps for seeking promotion (e.g., taking advantage of professional development opportunities, offering to accept additional assignments, learning new skills, understanding the benefits of mentor relationships).  Instructional strategies may include:  • Utilize different media sources to perform job searches.  • Practice job interview skills.  • Develop a résumé.  • Complete a job application.

Rev: 5/30/2014

1.2,8	<ul> <li>Demonstrate time, task, and resource management skills by organizing and implementing a productive plan of work</li> <li>Demonstration may include: <ul> <li>Organizing and implementing a productive plan of work (e.g., setting and meeting short, medium-, and long-term professional goals).</li> <li>Working efficiently to make the best use of time.</li> <li>Managing personnel to capitalize on their strengths while respecting their professional desires.</li> <li>Maintaining equipment to ensure longevity and efficiency.</li> <li>Using resources in a sustainable manner.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Instructional strategies may include: <ul> <li>Develop a plan of work to reach identified goals.</li> <li>Develop and utilize a time-management plan.</li> <li>Describe the importance of using natural resources effectively.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
1.2.9	Demonstrate mathematics skills by using mathematical reasoning to accomplish tasks  Demonstration may include:  Using mathematical reasoning and processes to accomplish job-specific tasks (e.g., using geometry and algebra to predict required supplies for a construction job, using computer mathematics to create a programming algorithm).  Making calculations related to personal finance (e.g., wage rates, paycheck deductions, taxes).  Instructional strategies may include:  Estimate manufacturing, repair, or food costs.  Prepare a small business budget.  Calculate wage rates, paycheck deductions, and taxes.
1.2.10	Demonstrate customer service skills by identifying and addressing the needs of all customers and providing helpful, courteous, and knowledgeable service  Demonstration may include:  • Addressing the needs of all customers (e.g., proactively engaging customers until they are satisfied).  • Providing helpful, courteous, and knowledgeable service (e.g., displaying a positive attitude, treating all customers with the same degree of professional respect, sharing information and knowledge honestly and forthrightly).  Instructional strategies may include:  • Define good customer service.  • Identify the importance of internal and external customer service.  • Explain the importance of achieving and maintaining customer satisfaction.  • Role-play good customer service.

## PERFORMANCE STANDARD 1.3: DEMONSTRATE TECHNOLOGY KNOWLEDGE AND SKILLS

Performance Indicators	Definitions and Instructional Strategies
1.3.1	Demonstrate proficiency with job-specific technologies by selecting and safely using technological resources to accomplish work responsibilities in a productive manner  Demonstration may include:  • Demonstration includes selecting and safely using technological resources (e.g., equipment, machines, tools, electronics) to accomplish work efficiently and productively, while considering environmental impacts of such technologies.  Instructional strategies may include:  • Identify the appropriate tools to accomplish a task.  • Describe safety procedures.  • Identify local and federal regulations that affect safety and equipment.
1.3.2	Demonstrate proficiency with information technology by using computers, file management techniques and software/programs effectively  Demonstration may include:  Working with hardware, file-management techniques, and fT software/programs effectively on various operating systems.  Working with equipment and software specific to occupation.  Seeking additional technology to improve work processes and products.  Instructional strategies may include:  Identify the appropriate use of various software tools.  Utilize presentation software to communicate ideas to a group.  Utilize word processing software to produce workplace documents.  Utilize spreadsheet software to create meaningful workplace records.
1.3.3	Demonstrate proper Internet use and security by using the Internet appropriately for work  Demonstration may include:  Using the Internet efficiently and ethically for work.  Identifying the risks of posting personal and work information on the Internet (e.g., on social networking sites, job search sites).  Taking measures to avoid Internet security risks (e.g., viruses, malware).  Instructional strategies may include:  Review Internet use policies.  Define and describe risks associated with improper Internet use.  Compare and contrast the risks and benefits of social media sites.  Research laws and regulations associated with Internet content (i.e., copyright laws).
1.3.4	Demonstrate proficiency with telecommunications by selecting and using appropriate devices, services, and applications  Demonstration may include:  Demonstration includes selecting and using telecommunications devices (e.g., portable digital assistants, smart devices, cellular phones), services (e.g., digital subscriber line, cellular network, cable, Internet), and Web-based applications (e.g., Webmail, social networking, online auctions, wikis) appropriate to work assignments.  Instructional strategies may include:  Identify the appropriate usage of various devices in the workplace.  Create a timeline of the evolution of telecommunications.  Explain workplace uses of Web-based applications.  Describe the effectiveness and impact of telecommunications resources.

Rev: 5/30/2014

3

#### PROGRAM OF STUDY

The program of study illustrates the sequence of academic and career and technical education coursework that is necessary for the student to successfully transition into postsecondary educational opportunities and employment in their chosen career path. (NAC 389.803)

#### PROGRAM STRUCTURE

The core course sequencing provided in the following table serves as a guide to schools for their programs of study. Each course is listed in the order in which it should be taught and has a designated level. Complete program sequences are essential for the successful delivery of all state standards in each program area.

NURSING ASSISTANT Core Course Sequence	
Course Name	LEVEL
Health Science I	L1
Health Science II or Medical Terminology	L2
Nursing Assistant	L3C
Nursing Assistant LAB*	L3L

<sup>\*</sup>Complementary Courses

## STATE SKILL STANDARDS

The state skill standards are designed to clearly state what the student should know and be able to do upon completion of an advanced high school career and technical education (CTE) program. The standards are designed for the student to complete all standards through their completion of a program of study. The standards are designed to prepare the student for the end-of-program technical assessment directly aligned to the standards. (Paragraph (a) of Subsection 1 of NAC 389.800)

## EMPLOYABILITY SKILLS FOR CAREER READINESS STANDARDS

Employability skills, often referred to as "soft skills", have for many years been a recognizable component of the standards and curriculum in career and technical education programs. The twenty-one standards are organized into three areas: (1) Personal Qualities and People Skills; (2) Professional Knowledge and Skills; and (3) Technology Knowledge and Skills. The standards are designed to ensure students graduate high school properly prepared with skills employers prioritize as the most important. Instruction on all twenty-one standards must be part of each course of the CTE program. (Paragraph (d) of Subsection 1 of NAC 389.800)

#### CURRICULUM FRAMEWORK

The Nevada CTE Curriculum Frameworks are organized utilizing the recommended course sequencing listed in the Program of Study and the CTE Course Catalog. The framework identifies the recommended content standards, performance standards, and performance indicators that should be taught in each course.

## CAREER AND TECHNICAL STUDENT ORGANIZATIONS (CTSOS)

To further the development of leadership and technical skills, students must have opportunities to participate in one or more of the Career and Technical Student Organizations (CTSOs). CTSOs develop character, citizenship, and the technical, leadership and teamwork skills essential for the workforce and their further education. Their activities are considered a part of the instructional day when they are directly related to the competencies and objectives in the course. (Paragraph (a) of Subsection 3 of NAC 389.800)

Revised: 07/09/2015 Nursing Assistant

## WORKPLACE READINESS SKILLS ASSESSMENT

The Workplace Readiness Skills Assessment has been developed to align with the Nevada CTE Employability Skills for Career Readiness Standards. This assessment provides a measurement of student employability skills attainment. Students who complete a program will be assessed on their skill attainment during the completion level course. Completion level courses are identified by the letter "C". (e.g., Level = L3C) (Paragraph (d) of Subsection 1 of NAC 389.800)

### END-OF-PROGRAM TECHNICAL ASSESSMENT

An end-of-program technical assessment has been developed to align with the Nevada CTE Skill Standards for this program. This assessment provides a measurement of student technical skill attainment. Students who complete a program will be assessed on their skill attainment during the completion level course. Completion level courses are identified by the letter "C". (e.g., Level = L3C) (Paragraph (e) of Subsection 1 of NAC 389.800)

### CERTIFICATE OF SKILL ATTAINMENT

Each student who completes a course of study must be awarded a certificate which states that they have attained specific skills in the industry being studied and meets the following criteria: A student must maintain a 3.0 grade point average in their approved course of study, pass the Workplace Readiness Skills Assessment, and pass the end-of-program technical assessment. (Subsection 4 of NAC 389.800)

### CTE ENDORSEMENT ON A HIGH SCHOOL DIPLOMA

A student qualifies for a CTE endorsement on their high school diploma after successfully completing the following criteria: 1) successful completion of a CTE course of study in a program area, 2) successful completion of academic requirements governing receipt of a standard diploma, and 3) meet all requirements for the issuance of the Certificate of Skill Attainment. (NAC 389.815)

#### CTE COLLEGE CREDIT

CTE College Credit is awarded to students based on articulation agreements established by each college for the CTE program, where the colleges will determine the credit value of a full high school CTE program based on course alignment. An articulation agreement will be established for each CTE program designating the number of articulated credits each college will award to students who complete the program.

CTE College Credit is awarded to students who: (1) complete the CTE course sequence with a grade-point average of 3.0 or higher; (2) pass the state end-of-program technical assessment for the program; and (3) pass the Workplace Readiness Assessment for employability skills.

Pre-existing articulation agreements will be recognized until new agreements are established according to current state policy and the criteria shown above.

Please refer to the local high school's course catalog or contact the local high school counselor for more information. (Paragraph (b) of Subsection 3 of NAC 389.800)

### ACADEMIC CREDIT FOR CTE COURSEWORK

Career and technical education courses meet the credit requirements for high school graduation (1 unit of arts and humanities or career and technical education). Some career and technical education courses meet academic credit for high school graduation. Please refer to the local high school's course catalog or contact the local high school counselor for more information. (NAC 389.672)

Revised: 07/09/2015 Nursing Assistant 4

# CROSSWALK OF NURSING ASSISTANT STANDARDS AND THE COMMON CORE STATE STANDARDS

## CONTENT STANDARD 1.0: UNDERSTAND THE ROLE AND RESPONSIBILITY OF A NURSING ASSISTANT

Performance Indicators		Common Core State Standards and Nevada Science Standards				
1.1.1	English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects					
	RST.11-12.3	Follow precisely a complex multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking				
		measurements, or performing technical tasks; analyze the specific results based on				
		explanations in the text.				
1.1.2	English Langu	age Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards				
	SL.11-12.4	Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct				
		perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing				
		perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are				
, , , ,		appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks.				
1.1.3	English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects  RST.11-12.7 Integrate and evaluate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and					
	RS1.11-12./	Integrate and evaluate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and				
		media (e.g., quantitative data, video, multimedia) in order to address a question or solve				
	a problem.  English Language Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards					
	SL.11-12.4	Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct				
	02.11	perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing				
		perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are				
		appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks.				
1.2.2	English Langua	nge Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards				
	SL.11-12.4	Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct				
		perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing				
		perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are				
		appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks.				
,	English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects					
ĺ	WHST.11-12.8	Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using				
		advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in				
		terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text				
		selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.				
1.2,4	English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects					
	RST.11-12,9	Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations)				
		into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving				
		conflicting information when possible.				
	English Language Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards					
	SL.11-12.4	Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct				
		perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing				
		perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are				
	Parallala Y au	appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks.				
	English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects WHST.11-12.8 Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital source					
	w пот.11-12.8	Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using				
		advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in				
ļ		terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any				
		one source and following a standard format for citation.				
·		one of and following a standard format for Chatton.				

Rev: 9/4/2013

1.3.1	Fnglich Langue	nge Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards
1	SL.11-12.4	Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct
1	313.11-12.4	resent information, initialities, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct
		perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing
		perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are
	English Langue	appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks.
	WHST.11-12.8	age Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
	WII31.11-12.6	Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using
}		advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in
		terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text
		selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any
1,3,2	E12-1-1	one source and following a standard format for citation.
2,4,1	RST,11-12,9	ge Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
	KS1.11-12.9	Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations)
		into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving
	English Longue	conflicting information when possible.
	SL.11-12.4	ge Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards
	312.11-12.4	Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct
		perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing
		perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are
	English Langua	appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks.
	WHST.11-12.8	ge Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
	W 1151.11-12.6	Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using
		advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in
		terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text
		selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any
1.4.1	English Langua	one source and following a standard format for citation.
1.7.1	RST.11-12.3	ge Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
	K31,(1-12,3	Follow precisely a complex multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking
		measurements, or performing technical tasks; analyze the specific results based on explanations in the text.
1,4.2	English Langue	
1,4.2	RST,11-12.9	ge Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
	K51,11-12.9	Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations)
		into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.
	English Langua	ge Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards
	SL.11-12.4	Present information findings and approximation with a state of the sta
	06.11-14.4	Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct
		perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing
		perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks.
	English Langua	appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks,
	WHST.11-12.8	ge Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using
	W1101,11-12,0	advanged sources, affectively covered to strengths and livit time of a livit t
		advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in
		terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text
		selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any
		one source and following a standard format for citation.



## CONTENT STANDARD 2.0: DESCRIBE COMMUNICATION AND INTERPERSONAL RELATIONSHIPS

Performance Indicators		Common Core State Standards and Nevada Science Standards
2.1.1	English Langua	age Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
	RST.11-12.9	Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations)
		into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving
		conflicting information when possible.
	English Langua	ge Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards
	SL.11-12.4	Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct
		perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposin
		perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style ar
		appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks.
	English Langua	ge Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
	WHST.11-12.8	Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using
		advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in
		terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text
		selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any
		one source and following a standard format for citation.
2.1.5	English Langua	ge Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
	RST.11-12.9	Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations)
	11371177217	into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving
		conflicting information when possible.
	English Langua	ge Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards
	SL.11-12,4	Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct
	08.11 12.1	perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing
		perspective, such that risteries can follow the fire of reasoning, alternative or opposing perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are
		appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks.
	English Langua	ge Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
	WHST.11-12.8	Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using
	WINT.11-12.0	advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in
		terms of the specific took purpose and sudispect integrate information into the text
		terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text
		selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any
2.2.1	English Longue	one source and following a standard format for citation.
<u> </u>	RST.11-12.9	ge Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
	K31.11-12.9	Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations)
		into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving
	English Laurana	conflicting information when possible.
	SL,11-12.1	ge Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards
	DL.11-12.1	Initiate and participate effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one,
		in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grades 11-12 topics, texts, and
	F	issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively.
	English Langua	ge Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
	WHST.11-12.8	Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using
		advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in
		terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text
		selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any
300	2	one source and following a standard format for citation.
2.2.2	Science: Nature	
	N.12.A.1	Students know tables, charts, illustrations and graphs can be used in making arguments
		and claims in oral and written presentations.

2.2.4	English Langua	age Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects			
	RST.11-12.9	Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations)			
		into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving			
		conflicting information when possible.			
	English Langua	English Language Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards			
	SL.11-12.4	Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct			
		perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing			
		perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are			
		appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks.			

## CONTENT STANDARD 3.0: EXPLAIN AND DEMONSTRATE INDIRECT CARE PRACTICES

Performance Indicators	C	ommon Core State Standards and Neyada Science Standards
3.1.1	Science: Life Science L.12,B.3 Stu Science: Nature of S	dents know disease disrupts the equilibrium that exists in a healthy organism.
	N.12.A.5 Stu- rela	dents know models and modeling can be used to identify and predict cause-effect tionships.
3.1.2	RST.11-12.3 Fol	rts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects ow precisely a complex multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking
2.2.1	exp	surements, or performing technical tasks; analyze the specific results based on lanations in the text.
3.2.1	RST.11-12.9 Syn into	rts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects thesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving flicting information when possible.
	Science: Life Science L.12.B.3 Stud	
3.3.1	Science: Nature of Science N.12.A.5 Stud	dents know models and modeling can be used to identify and predict cause-effect
3.3.2	Science: Nature of Science	
	rela	lents know models and modeling can be used to identify and predict cause-effect ionships.
3.3.3	SL.11-12.4 Pres pers pers	ts: Speaking and Listening Standards ent information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct pective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing pectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are opriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks.
	Science: Nature of Sc N.12.A.5 Stud	ience ents know models and modeling can be used to identify and predict cause-effect ionships.
3.3.4	English Language Ar RST.11-12.9 Synt into	ts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects hesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving licting information when possible.
	Science: Nature of Sc N.12.A.5 Stud	
		ents know the strength of the gravitational force between two objects increases mass and decreases rapidly with distance.

## CONTENT STANDARD 4.0: UNDERSTAND INFECTION PREVENTION CONCEPTS

Performance Indicators	Common Core State Standards and Nevada Science Standards
4.1.1	Science: Life Science
	L.12.B.3 Students know disease disrupts the equilibrium that exists in a healthy organism.
	L.12.C.1 Students know relationships of organisms and their physical environment.
	Science: Nature of Science
	N.12.A.5 Students know models and modeling can be used to identify and predict cause-effect relationships.
4.1.2	English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
	RST.11-12.3 Follow precisely a complex multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, takin measurements, or performing technical tasks; analyze the specific results based on explanations in the text.
	Science: Life Science
	L.12.B.3 Students know disease disrupts the equilibrium that exists in a healthy organism.
	L.12.C.1 Students know relationships of organisms and their physical environment.  Science: Nature of Science
	N.12.A.5 Students know models and modeling can be used to identify and predict cause-effect relationships.
4.1.3	English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
	RST.11-12.2 Determine the central ideas or conclusions of a text; summarize complex concepts, processes, or information presented in a text by paraphrasing them in simpler but still accurate terms.
	Science: Life Science
	L.12.B.3 Students know disease disrupts the equilibrium that exists in a healthy organism.
	L.12.C.1 Students know relationships of organisms and their physical environment.  Science: Nature of Science
	N.12.A.5 Students know models and modeling can be used to identify and predict cause-effect relationships.
4.1.4	Science: Life Science
	L.12.B.3 Students know disease disrupts the equilibrium that exists in a healthy organism.
	L.12.C.1 Students know relationships of organisms and their physical environment.
	Science: Nature of Science
	N.12.A.5 Students know models and modeling can be used to identify and predict cause-effect relationships.
4.1.5	Science: Life Science
	L.12.B.3 Students know disease disrupts the equilibrium that exists in a healthy organism.
	L.12.C.1 Students know relationships of organisms and their physical environment.  Science: Nature of Science
	N.12.A.5 Students know models and modeling can be used to identify and predict cause-effect relationships.
4.1.6	Science: Life Science
	L.12.B.3 Students know disease disrupts the equilibrium that exists in a healthy organism.
	L.12.C.1 Students know relationships of organisms and their physical environment.
	Science: Nature of Science
	N.12.A.5 Students know models and modeling can be used to identify and predict cause-effect relationships.
4.1.7	Science: Life Science
	L.12.C.1 Students know relationships of organisms and their physical environment.

		-

## CONTENT STANDARD 5.0: UNDERSTAND HUMAN ANATOMY AND PHYSIOLOGY

Performance Indicators		Common Core State Standards and Nevada Science Standards		
5.1.2	Science: Life	Science		
	L.12.B.1	Students know cell structures and their functions.		
5.1.3	Science: Life Science			
	L.12.B.3	Students know disease disrupts the equilibrium that exists in a healthy organism,		
5.2.1	Science: Life	Science		
	L.12,B,1	Students know cell structures and their functions.		

### CONTENT STANDARD 6.0: DEMONSTRATE PERSONAL CARE PROCEDURES

Performance Indicators		Common Core State Standards and Nevada Science Standards			
6.1.1	English Langua	age Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects			
	RST.11-12.9	Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations)			
		into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving			
		conflicting information when possible.			
	English Langua	age Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards			
	SL,11-12.4	Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct			
		perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing			
		perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are			
		appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks.			
	English Langua	nge Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects			
	WHST.11-12.8	Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using			
		advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in			
		terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text			
		selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any			
		one source and following a standard format for citation.			
6.1.3	Science: Life Sc				
	L.12.B.1	Students know cell structures and their functions.			
6.1.4	Science: Nature				
	N.12.A.5	Students know models and modeling can be used to identify and predict cause-effect			
	1,11211115	relationships,			
	English Langu	age Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards			
	SL.11-12.4	Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct			
	02.11 12.1	perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing			
		perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are			
		appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks.			
	English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects				
	RST,11-12.9	Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations)			
	1001,111 12.7	into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving			
		conflicting information when possible.			
	English Langua	ge Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects			
	WHST.11-12.8	Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using			
	W1131.11*12.0	advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in			
		terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text			
		selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any			
6.1.5	Caiana Natana	one source and following a standard format for citation.			
0,1.5	Science: Nature				
	N.12.A.5	Students know models and modeling can be used to identify and predict cause-effect			
(16	G 1 N 1	relationships.			
6.1.6	Science: Nature				
	N.12.A.5	Students know models and modeling can be used to identify and predict cause-effect			
		relationships.			
6.2.2	Science: Nature				
	N.12.A.4	Students know how to safely conduct an original scientific investigation using the			
		appropriate tools and technology.			
6.3.1	Science: Nature				
	N.12.A.6	Students know organizational schema can be used to represent and describe			
		relationships of sets.			
6.3.2	Science: Nature				
	N.12.A.5	Students know models and modeling can be used to identify and predict cause-effect			
		relationships.			

		÷
·		

25

6.3.3	Science: Nature	e of Science
	N.12.A.5	Students know models and modeling can be used to identify and predict cause-effect
		relationships.
	English Langua	nge Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards
	SL.11-12.4	Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct
		perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing
		perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are
		appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks.
	English Langua	ge Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
•	WHST.11-12.8	Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using
		advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in
		terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text
		selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any
		one source and following a standard format for citation.
	English Langua	ge Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
	RST.11-12.9	Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations)
		into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving
		conflicting information when possible.

		•

### CONTENT STANDARD 7.0: EXPLAIN AND DISCUSS PHYSIOLOGICAL MEASUREMENTS

Performance Indicators		Common Core State Standards and Nevada Science Standards
7,1,2	English Langua	age Arts: Reading Standards for Informational Text
	RST.11-12.9	Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.
	English Langua	ge Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
14 14 14	WHST.11-12.8	Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.
	Science: Nature	of Science
	N.12.A.2	Students know scientists maintain a permanent record of procedures, data, analyses, decisions, and understandings of scientific investigations.
	N.12.A.5	Students know models and modeling can be used to identify and predict cause-effect relationships.
7.1.3	Science: Nature	
	N.12.A.5	Students know models and modeling can be used to identify and predict cause-effect relationships.
	N.12.A.6	Students know organizational schema can be used to represent and describe relationships of sets.
7.1.4	Science: Nature	
	N.12.A.1	Students know tables, charts, illustrations and graphs can be used in making arguments and claims in oral and written presentations.
7.1.5	Science: Nature	
	N.12.A.1	Students know tables, charts, illustrations and graphs can be used in making arguments and claims in oral and written presentations.
7.2.1	English Langua	ge Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
	RST.11-12.9	Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.
	English Langua	ge Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards
	SL.11-12.4	Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks.
	English Langua	ge Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
	WHST.11-12.8	Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in
		terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.
	Science: Nature	
	N.12.B.4	Students know scientific knowledge builds on previous information.

7.2.2	Fuglish Langue	ge Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
/	RST.11-12.3	Follow precisely a complex multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking
	K51.11-12.5	measurements, or performing technical tasks; analyze the specific results based on
Ì		explanations in the text.
	Science: Nature	
	N.12.A.4	Students know how to safely conduct an original scientific investigation using the
	(1.12.71.4	appropriate tools and technology.
7.2.4	English Langua	ge Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
7.5.1	RST.11-12.9	Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations)
Ì	1.07 (2.7	into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving
		conflicting information when possible.
	English Langua	ge Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards
	SL.11-12,4	Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct
	35.11 12.1	perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing
		perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are
		appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks.
	English Langua	ge Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
	WHST.11-12.8	Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using
		advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in
		terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text
		selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any
	Ì	one source and following a standard format for citation.
7.2.5	Science: Nature	of Science
	N.12.A.4	Students know how to safely conduct an original scientific investigation using the
1		appropriate tools and technology.
7.2.6	Science: Nature	
	N.12.A.4	Students know how to safely conduct an original scientific investigation using the
		appropriate tools and technology.
7.3.1	English Langua	ge Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
	RST.11-12.3	Follow precisely a complex multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking
		measurements, or performing technical tasks; analyze the specific results based on
		explanations in the text.
7.3.2	English Langua	ge Arts: Reading Standards for Informational Text
	RI.11-12.3	Analyze a complex set of ideas or sequence of events and explain how specific
		individuals, ideas, or events interact and develop over the course of the text.
	English Langua	ge Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards
	SL.11-12.1c	Propel conversations by posing and responding to questions that probe reasoning and
		evidence; ensure a hearing for a full range of positions on a topic or issue; clarify,
		verify, or challenge ideas and conclusions; and promote divergent and creative
		perspectives.
	Science: Nature	of Science
	N.12.A.5	Students know models and modeling can be used to identify and predict cause-effect
		relationships.
7.3.3	English Languag	ge Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards
	SL.11-12.1c	Propel conversations by posing and responding to questions that probe reasoning and
		evidence; ensure a hearing for a full range of positions on a topic or issue; clarify,
		verify, or challenge ideas and conclusions; and promote divergent and creative
		perspectives.
	Science: Nature	
	N.12.A.5	Students know models and modeling can be used to identify and predict cause-effect
		relationships.

# CONTENT STANDARD 8.0: DIFFERENTIATE BETWEEN NUTRITIONAL REQUIREMENTS AND TECHNIQUES

Performance Indicators		Common Core State Standards and Nevada Science Standards		
8.1.1	English Langua	ge Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects		
44.	RST.11-12.9	Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.		
	English Langua	ge Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards		
	SL.11-12.4	Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks.		
	English Langua	ge Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects		
	WHST.11-12.8	Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.		
8.1.4		ge Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects		
	RST.11-12.9	Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.		
8.1.5	English Language Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects			
	RST.11-12.7	Integrate and evaluate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., quantitative data, video, multimedia) in order to address a question or solve a problem.		
	RST.11-12.9	Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.		
8.2.1	English Languag	ge Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects		
	RST.11-12.9	Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.		
	English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects			
	WHST.11-12.8	Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in		
		terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.		
8.2.3		- Building Functions		
	HS.F-BF.A.1	Write a function that describes a relationship between two quantities.		
· ·		- Geometric Measurement and Dimension		
	HS.G-GMD.B.3	Use volume formulas for cylinders, pyramid, cones, and spheres to solve problems.		

8.2.5	SL.11-12,2	Integrate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) in order to make informed decisions and solve problems, evaluating the credibility and accuracy of each source and noting any discrepancies among the data.
	SL.11-12,4	Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks.
8.2.7	English Langua	nge Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
	RST.11-12.7	Integrate and evaluate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., quantitative data, video, multimedia) in order to address a question or solve a problem.
	RST.11-12.9	Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.
8.3.3	English Langua	ge Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
	RST.11-12.9	Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations)
		into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.
	English Langua	ge Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards
	SL.11-12.4	Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct
		perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing
		perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are
	D 21.1	appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks.
	<u>English Langua</u>   WHST.11-12,8	ge Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using
	W1151.11-12.6	advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any
		one source and following a standard format for citation.

### CONTENT STANDARD 9.0: UNDERSTAND PROCEDURES AND PROCESSES RELATED TO ELIMINATION

Performance Indicators	C	Common Core State Standards and Nevada Science Standards
9,1,2	English Language A	arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
	int co	nthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) of a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving information when possible.
	English Language A	arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
	ad ter sel	ther relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, usin vanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in ms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text ectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any e source and following a standard format for citation.
9.1.3		arts: Speaking and Listening Standards
	SL.11-12.4 Proper per	esent information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct espective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing espectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are propriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks.
9.1.4		rts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
	RST.11-12.9 Sy int	nthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) of a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving information when possible.
	English Language A	rts: Speaking and Listening Standards
	pei pei	esent information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct respective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing respectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style and
		propriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks.
	WHST.11-12.8 Ga	arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects ther relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using
	ter sel	vanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in ms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text ectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any a source and following a standard format for citation.
9.2.1		rts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
	RST.11-12.9 Sy into	nthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) to a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving information when possible.
	English Language A	rts: Speaking and Listening Standards
	per per	esent information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct spective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposity spectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style a propriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks.
		rts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
		ther relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, usin
	ad ter sel	vanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in ms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text ectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any e source and following a standard format for citation.
9.2.2		rts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
	RST.11-12.3 Fo	flow precisely a complex multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking asurements, or performing technical tasks; analyze the specific results based on planations in the text.

Nevada CTE Standards Rev: 9/4/2013

9.2.3		ge Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
	RST.11-12.3	Follow precisely a complex multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking measurements, or performing technical tasks; analyze the specific results based on explanations in the text.
9.2.4	English Langua	ge Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
	RST.11-12.3	Follow precisely a complex multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking measurements, or performing technical tasks; analyze the specific results based on explanations in the text.
9.2.5	English Langua	ge Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
	RST.11-12.9	Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.
	English Langua	ge Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards
	SL.11-12.4	Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks.
	English Langua	ge Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
	WHST.11-12.8	Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.
9.3.4	English Langua	ge Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
7.18	RST.11-12,9	Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.
		ge Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards
	SL.11-12.4	Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks.
		ge Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
	WHST.11-12.8	Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.

## CONTENT STANDARD 10.0: UNDERSTAND THE IMPACT OF PROVIDING A QUALITY PATIENT ENVIRONMENT

Performance Indicators		Common Core State Standards and Nevada Science Standards
10.1.1	Science: Natu	re of Science
	N.12.B.1	Students know science, technology, and society influenced one another in both positive
	<u> </u>	and negative ways.

	•	

### CONTENT STANDARD 11.0: UNDERSTAND THE PRINCIPLES RELATED TO PATIENT MOBILITY

Indicators		Common Core State Standards and Nevada Science Standards			
11.1.1	English Langua	age Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects			
	RST.11-12.3	Follow precisely a complex multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, takin measurements, or performing technical tasks; analyze the specific results based on explanations in the text.			
	Science: Physic				
	P.12.B.1	Students know laws of motion can be used to determine the effects of forces on the motion of objects.			
	P.12.B.4	Students know the strength of the gravitational force between two objects increases with mass and decreases rapidly with distance.			
11.1.2		age Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects			
	RST.11-12.9	Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible.			
	English Langua	nge Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards			
	SL.11-12.4	Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks.			
11.1.4		nge Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards			
	SL.11-12.4	Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks.			
	Science: Nature				
	N.12.A.1	Students know tables, charts, illustrations and graphs can be used in making argument and claims in oral and written presentations.			
11,1,5	Science: Nature				
	N.12.A.5	Students know models and modeling can be used to identify and predict cause-effect relationships.			
	Science: Physic				
	P.12.B.1	Students know laws of motion can be used to determine the effects of forces on the motion objects.			
11.2.1		nge Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects			
	RST.11-12.3	Follow precisely a complex multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, takin measurements, or performing technical tasks; analyze the specific results based on explanations in the text.			
	Math: Geometry - Congruence				
	HS-G-CO.4	Develop definitions of rotations, reflections, and translations in terms of angels, circle perpendicular lines, parallel lines, and line segments.			
	Math: Geometry – Modeling with Geometry				
	HS.G-MG.B.1	Use geometric shapes, their measures, and their properties to describe objects (e.g.,			
		modeling a tree trunk or a human torso as a cylinder).			
	Science: Life Sc L.12.B.1	Students know cell structures and their functions,			
	Science: Physic P.12.B.1	Students know laws of motion can be used to determine the effects of forces on the motion objects.			
		e of Science			

11.3.1	English Lang	English Language Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards				
	SL.11-12.4	Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks.				
	Science: Nature of Science					
	N.12.A.5	Students know models and modeling can be used to identify and predict cause-effect relationships.				
	Science: Physical Science					
	P.12.B.4	Students know the strength of the gravitational force between two objects increases with mass and decreases rapidly with distance.				
11.3.2	Science: Natu	re of Science				
	N.12.A.5	Students know models and modeling can be used to identify and predict cause-effect relationships.				

## CONTENT STANDARD 12.0: DESCRIBE ADMISSION, TRANSFER, AND DISCHARGE PROCEDURES

Performance Indicators		Common Core State Standards and Nevada Science Standards			
12,1,2	English Langua	Andre Donald Charles and Charl			
14,1,4	RST.11-12.9	ge Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects			
	KS1.11-12.9	Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations)			
		into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving			
	For all all I amount	conflicting information when possible.			
		ge Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards			
	SL.11-12.1c	Propel conversations by posing and responding to questions that probe reasoning and			
		evidence; ensure a hearing for a full range of positions on a topic or issue; clarify,			
		verify, or challenge ideas and conclusions; and promote divergent and creative perspectives.			
12.3.1	English Langua	ge Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects			
	RST.11-12.9	Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations)			
		into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving			
		conflicting information when possible,			
	English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects				
	WHST.11-12.8	Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using			
ļ		advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in			
		terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text			
		selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any			
		one source and following a standard format for citation.			
12.3.2	English Langua	ge Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects			
	RST.11-12.9	Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations)			
		into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving			
		conflicting information when possible.			
12.3.3	English Langua	ge Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects			
	RST.11-12.9	Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations)			
		into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving			
		conflicting information when possible.			
	English Language Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects				
	WHST.11-12.8	Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using			
		advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in			
		terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text			
		selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any			
		one source and following a standard format for citation.			
		one positive and tonorring a standard tornation offaction.			

	V.		

### CONTENT STANDARD 13.0: UNDERSTAND THE CARE OF RESIDENTS WITH SPECIAL NEEDS

Performance Indicators		Common Core State Standards and Nevada Science Standards
13.1.1	English Langua	age Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
	RST.11-12.9	Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations)
	-	into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving
		conflicting information when possible.
	English Langua	ge Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
	WHST.11-12.8	Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using
		advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in
		terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text
		selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any
		one source and following a standard format for citation.
	Science: Life Sc	ience
	L.12.B.3	Students know disease disrupts the equilibrium that exists in a healthy organism.
13.1.2	-1	ge Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards
	SL.11-12.2	Integrate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g.,
		visually, quantitatively, orally) in order to make informed decisions and solve
		problems, evaluating the credibility and accuracy of each source and noting any
		discrepancies among the data.
13.2.1	English Langua	ge Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
	RST.11-12.9	Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations)
		into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving
		conflicting information when possible.
	Science: Nature	
	N.12.A.4	Students know how to safely conduct an original scientific investigation using the
		appropriate tools and technology.
13.2.2	Science: Nature	of Science
	N.12.B.2	Students know consumption patterns, conservation efforts, and cultural or social
		practices in countries have varying environmental impacts.
13.2.4	English Langua	ge Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
	RST.11-12.9	Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations)
		into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving
		conflicting information when possible.
	English Langua	ge Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards
	SL,11-12.4	Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct
		perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing
		perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are
		appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks.
	English Langua	ge Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
	WHST.11-12.8	Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using
		advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in
		terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text
		selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any
		one source and following a standard format for citation.
13.3.2		ge Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
	RST.11-12.3	Follow precisely a complex multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking
		measurements, or performing technical tasks; analyze the specific results based on
		explanations in the text,

Rev: 9/4/2013

4		

13.4.2	English Langua	ige Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
	RST.11-12.9	Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations)
		into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving
		conflicting information when possible.
	English Langua	ge Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
	WHST.11-12.8	Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using
		advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in
	ļ	terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text
1		selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any
17 1		one source and following a standard format for citation.
13.4.4	RST.11-12.9	ge Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
	KS1.11-12.9	Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations)
		into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving
	English Langua	conflicting information when possible.  ge Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards
	SL.11-12.4	Procent information findings and currential with the state of the stat
	54.11-12.4	Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing
		perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are
		appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks.
	English Langua	ge Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
	WHST.11-12.8	Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using
		advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in
		terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text
		selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any
		one source and following a standard format for citation.
	Science: Nature	of Science
	N.12.B.4	Students know scientific knowledge builds on previous information.
13.5.1	English Langua	ge Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards
	SL.11-12.4	Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct
		perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing
		perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are
***		appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks.
13.5.2	English Langua	ge Arts: Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
	RST.11-12.9	Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations)
		into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving
		conflicting information when possible.
	English Langua	ge Arts: Speaking and Listening Standards
	SL.11-12.4	Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct
		perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing
		perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are
	Tour attack of	appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks.
	English Languag	ge Arts: Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
	WHST.11-12.8	Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using
		advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in
		terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text
		selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any
	<u> </u>	one source and following a standard format for citation.

Rev: 9/4/2013 Nevada CTE Standards 37

# ALIGNMENT OF NURSING ASSISTANT STANDARDS AND THE COMMON CORE MATHEMATICAL PRACTICES

Common Core Mathematical Practices	Nursing Assistant Performance Indicators
Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.	
2. Reason abstractly and quantitatively.	
Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.	3.1.7 5.1.3
4. Model with mathematics.	7.1.4 11.1.5
5. Use appropriate tools strategically.	7.2.5, 7.2.6 9.2.3, 9.2.4 10.2.4
6. Attend to precision.	7.2.2
7. Look for and make use of structure.	
Look for and express regularity in repeated reasoning.	7.1.4, 7.1.5

Rev: 9/4/2013

## CROSSWALKS OF NURSING ASSISTANT STANDARDS AND THE COMMON CAREER TECHNICAL CORE

	Health Science Career Cluster <sup>TM</sup> (HL)	Performance Indicators
1.	Determine academic subject matter, in addition to high school graduation requirements, necessary for pursuing a health science career.	1.1.1-1.1,2
2.	Explain the healthcare worker's role within their department, their organization, and the overall healthcare system.	1.1.3-1.1.4 1.4.1-1.4.2
3.	Identify existing and potential hazards to clients, coworkers, visitors, and self in the healthcare workplace.	3.1.2-3.1.3 4.3.1, 4.3,3 11.3.2
4.	Evaluate the roles and responsibilities of individual members as part of the healthcare team and explain their role in promoting the delivery of quality health care.	1.4.2-1.4.3 2.1.3
5.	Analyze the legal and ethical responsibilities, limitations and implications of actions within the healthcare workplace.	1.1.3; 1.2.3; 1.3.4 4.2.1
6.	Evaluate accepted ethical practices with respect to cultural, social and ethnic differences within the healthcare workplace.	4.1.2
	Therapeutic Services Career Pathway (HL-THR)	Performance Indicators
1.	Utilize communication strategies to answer patient/client questions and concerns on planned procedures and goals.	2.1.1-2.1.3
2.	Communicate patient/client information among healthcare team members to facilitate a team approach to patient care.	2.2.1, 2.2.3-2.2.4 5.3.1, 5.3.3 12.2.2
3.	Utilize processes for assessing, monitoring and reporting patient's/clients' health status to the treatment team within protocol and scope of practice.	2.2.1 7.2.1; 8.3.3
4.	Evaluate patient/client needs, strengths and problems in order to determine if treatment goals are being met.	8.3.3

Rev: 9/4/2013 Nevada CTE Standards 39

	·	
s.		

### Client Report

Retake Summary: Jul 01, 2016 to Jun 30, 2017

						-	+	-		s	kill:	5	+
Facility		Att1							888	Att2	888	Att+	888
=======================================	====			====	===	====	===	225 <b>=</b>	===	2220	===	====	===
ACADEMY OF HEALTHCARE PREP	3900	_	100					2	0	2	50		
BATTLE MOUNTAIN HIGH SCHOOL	1800	7	57		0		100	8	38	3	33	1	100
COLLEGE OF SOUTHERN NEVADA	3000	304	84	37	65	6	33	303	76	61	75	10	70
DAYTON HIGH SCHOOL	2300	6	83					6	83				
DESERT ROSE HIGH SCHOOL	2900	32	53	10	50	1	100	32	66	В	63	2	100
EAST CAREER & TECH ACADEMY	2500	6	100					6	33	2	0	2	100
FERNLEY HIGH SCHOOL	2200	11	91	1	100			11	91	1	100		
FUNDAMENTALS OF NURSING	9992	49	7 B	10	40	1	100	50	48	23	70	1	100
GREAT BASIN COLLEGE	1000	97	80	16	44	5	80	97	81	15	80	2	50
MAJEN, LLC	1500	37	73	5	0	3	67	37	81	3	100	1	100
MOUNT GRANT GENERAL HOSPITAL	1600	4	50	2	50			4	25	3	100		
ORMSBY POST ACUTE REHAB	3800	28	79	5	40	3	67	27	70	7	71	1	100
OUT OF STATE TRAINING	9990	14	64	4	50	3	0	14	36	7	43	3	67
REACTIVATION BY EXAM	9993	25	80	3	33	1	100	24	63	7	100		
SAINT THERESE LEARNING INSTITUTE	3300	75	65	26	27	12	42	75	71	22	55	8	88
SIERRA NV JOB CORPS	1400	39	95	2	50			39	92	1	100		
SOUTH LYON MEDICAL CENTER	1700	1	100	1	0	1	100	1	100			1	100
SOUTHEAST CAREER & TECH ACADEMY	2600	19	89	2	_0	. 1	100	18	39	8	75	. 2	50
SOUTHWEST CAREER & TECHNICAL ACADEMY	2700	15	80	3	100	•		15	73	2(	100	)	
STANDARDS OF EXCELLENCE (SoE)	3200	32	75	В	-25	_ 2	100	31	71	8	-88-	- <sub>1</sub>	100
THE MILAN INSTITUTE, LAS VEGAS	3100	191	61	62	35	24	33	191	68	44	66	8	75
THE MILAN INSTITUTE, SPARKS	1300	59	73	9	56	6	33	59	83	4	100		
TRUCKEE MEADOW COMMUNITY COLLEGE	1100	147	87	18	33	5	20	147	86	16	75	2	50
WEST CAREER & TECH ACADEMY	2800	11	91	2	50	1	100	11	91	2	100		
WESTERN HIGH SCHOOL	2400	6	83	1	100	-		-6	50	4		2	50
WESTERN NEVADA COLLEGE	1200	95	83	13	23	4	25	94	93	3	33	_	
WHITE PINE HIGH SCHOOL	1900	3	100			-			100	•			
YERINGTON HIGH SCHOOL	2100		50	1	100			2	0	2	100		
						====		====	_				== <del>=</del> =
Totals		1317				BO	45	1313	75	258	71	47	77
												- '	

- · #ID#: Training Program ID.
- Att1: Number of candidates that attempted the respective exam for the first time during this time frame.
- %%%: The first attempt pass rate.
- Att2: Number of candidates that attempted the respective exam for the second time during this time frame.
- %%%: The second attempt pass rate.
- Att+: Number of candidates that attempted the respective exam for the third or more times during this
  time frame.
- %%%: The pass rate beyond the second attempt.

Copyright @ 2006-2017, D&S Diversified Technologies LLP, and Headmaster LLP, All rights reserved



# **NURSING ASSISTANT**



- Program of Study -

Career Cluster: Health Science

Career Pathway: Therapeutic Services

This Academic Plan is based upon the state requirements needed for an Advanced Diploma. Academic course names may vary among school districts.

12 <sup>th</sup> Grade	11 <sup>th</sup> Grade	10 <sup>th</sup> Grade	9 <sup>th</sup> Grade	Grade
English IV	English III	English II	English I	1 <sup>st</sup> Course
Senior Level Math Course	Algebra II	Geometry	Algebra i	2 <sup>nd</sup> Course
Elective <sup>1</sup>	Science Course or Elective <sup>1</sup>	Chemistry or Geoscience	Biology	1 <sup>st</sup> Course 2 <sup>nd</sup> Course 3 <sup>rd</sup> Course
US Government	US History	World History	Health / Computer Literacy	4 <sup>th</sup> Course
Foreign Language <sup>2</sup> or Elective <sup>1</sup>	Foreign Language <sup>2</sup> or Elective <sup>1</sup>	Physical Education	Physical Education	5 <sup>th</sup> Course
Nursing Assistant <sup>3</sup>	Health Science II - or - Medical Terminology	Health Science !	Elective	6 <sup>th</sup> Course (CTE)

- <sup>1</sup> Electives may include arts and humanities courses or other career and technical education courses that relate to the program of study.
  <sup>2</sup> Foreign Language courses are recommended if a student is planning on entering a university. (See individual university admission policies)  $^{
  m 3}$  CTE Assessments will be administered during the completion level CTE course.

career and Technical Student Organizations	S Work-Based Learning	CTE Assessments	(S)
hosa: future health professionals / SkillsUSA	Job Shadowing / Internship / Work Experience / Career Days / Career Fairs	1) End of Program Technical Assessment for     Nursing Assistant	ssment for
	Field Trips / Guest Speakers	/ 2) W	sessment dards)
Postsecondary Options	State Articulation Agreemen	nents for CTE College Credit	
S	Secondary Program Requirements		
	Student must earn the state Certificate of Skill Attainment in Nursing Assistant.	nment in Nursing Assistant.	
of Nevada, Las Vegas / University of Postse	Postsecondary Credit Options		
<u></u>	College of Southern Nevada 6 Credits Truckee N Great Basin College 9 Credits Western I	<sup>d</sup> eadows Community College Nevada College	9 Credits In Progress

Registered Nurse / Certified Nursing Assistant / Home Health Aide / Nurse Researcher / Nurse Educator / Occupational Health Nurse / Licensed Practical Nurse / Social Worker / Community Health Worker / Patient Advocate / Nurse Practitioner / Public Health Educator	High Wage - High Skill - High Demand Careers
Refer to the Governor's Office of Workforce Innovation's Nevada Eligible Industry Credentialing List	State Recognized Industry Certifications

				·