



Career Academies:

An Investment in Students, the Workforce and the Economy

Today's Speakers

Kara Herbertson, Research and Policy Manager
NASDCTE_c

Jan Struebing, Executive Director
National Career Academy Coalition

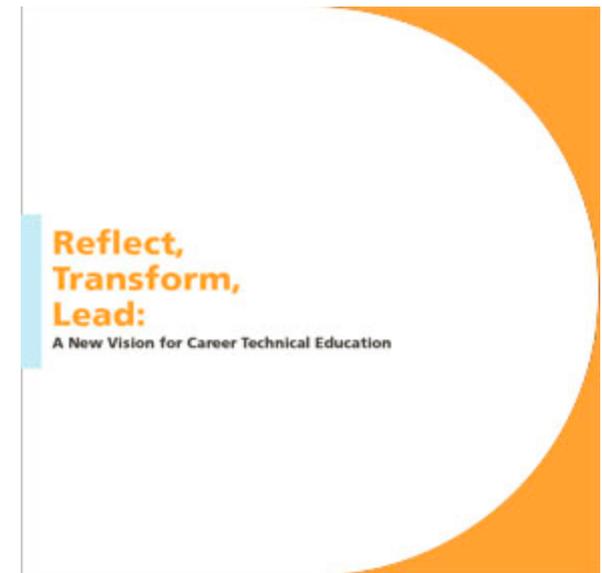
Kathleen Taylor, Chief for the Bureau of Standards, Benchmarks and Frameworks, Division of Career and Adult Education
Florida Department of Education

Sabrina Arney, Teacher
Aspirations in Medical Services Academy, David Star Jordan High School, Long Beach, California



NASDCTEc Vision Supports Career Academies

- NASDCTEc Vision for CTE:
[Reflect, Transform, Lead:
A New Vision for Career Technical
Education](#)
- New NASDCTEc Publication:
[Career Academies: Investing in
Students, the Workforce and
Career Technical Education](#)



What is a Career Academy?

- “A school within a school, providing a college preparatory curriculum in the context of a career-oriented theme”
- Serve over 1 million students in 7,000 career academies
- Career Academy Support Network: Career academies have three key elements:
 - Smaller Learning Communities
 - College Preparatory Curriculum with Career-Oriented Theme
 - Strong Partnerships with Business and Industry



Research Supporting Career Academies

MDRC Study – *Career Academies: Long Term Impacts on Work, Education, and Transitions to Adulthood*

- Average increase in earnings of 11 percent
- Improvement in attendance, increased academic course taking and likelihood of graduating on time
- Increase in student participation in career awareness and work-based learning



Research Supporting Career Academies

Other research shows the benefits of a career academy education include:

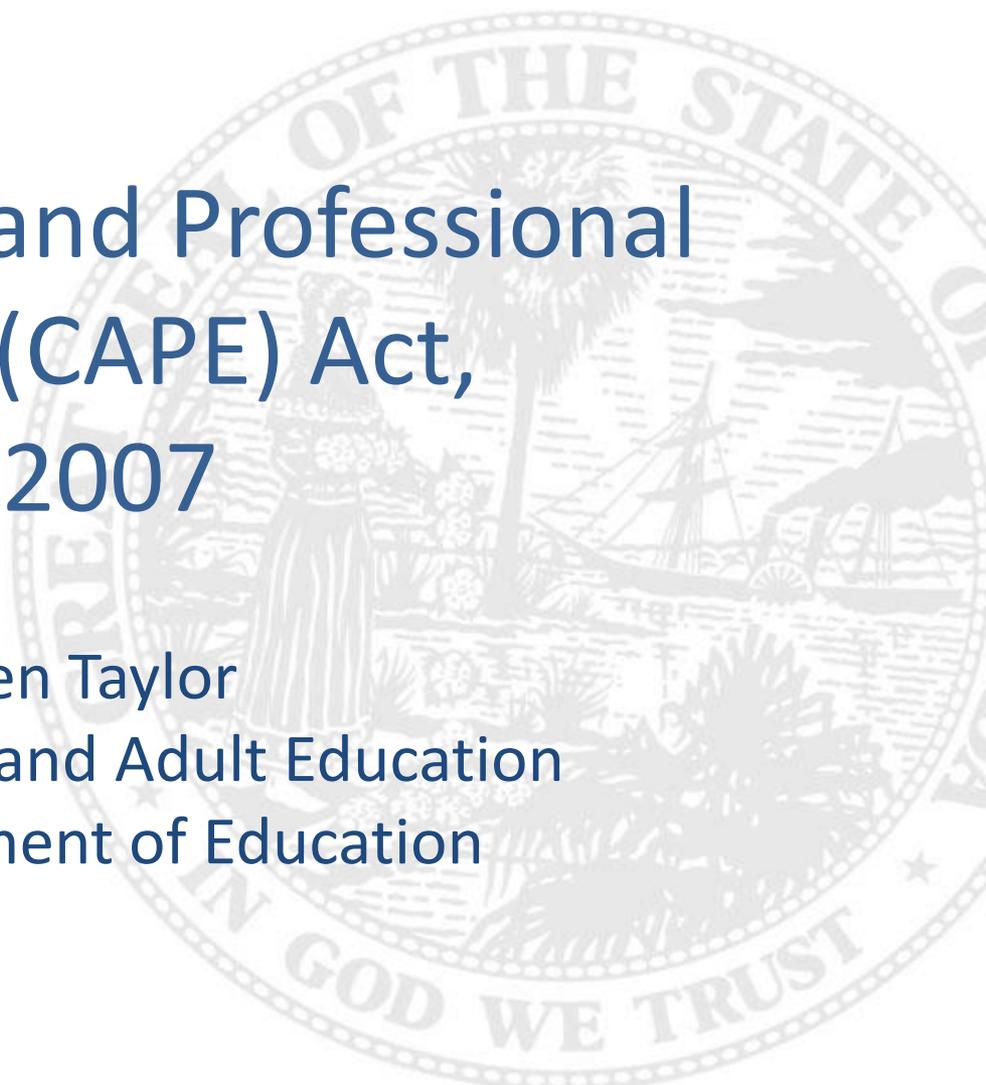
- Increased academic success
- Increased participation in extracurricular activities
- Increase in the number of course credits earned
- Decrease in the need for remedial coursework
- Reduction in the likelihood of being arrested



National Standards of Practice

Jan Struebing, Executive Director, National Career Academy Coalition

1. Defined Mission and Goals
2. Academy Design
3. Host Community and High School
4. Faculty and Staff
5. Professional Development and Continuous Learning
6. Governance and Leadership
7. Teaching and Learning
8. Employer, Post-Secondary Education and Community Involvement
9. Student Assessment
10. Sustainability

The seal of the State of Florida is visible in the background, featuring a central figure holding a scale and a sword, surrounded by a circular border with the text "SEAL OF THE STATE OF FLORIDA" and "IN GOD WE TRUST".

Florida Career and Professional Education(CAPE) Act, Est. 2007

Kathleen Taylor
Division of Career and Adult Education
Florida Department of Education

Secondary Career and Technical Education

- A strategy to prepare middle school and high school students for success in college and careers
- Focus is on integrating rigorous academics with a career theme

“Learning is Relevant”

“Student is Engaged”

- Career and Professional Education Academies are a major strategy for improving college and career readiness

Goal of the Act

- The Florida Career and Professional Education Act is created to provide a statewide planning partnership between the business and education communities in order to attract, expand, and retain targeted, high-value industry and to sustain a strong, knowledge-based economy.

Purpose of the Legislation

- Improve middle and high school academic performance by providing rigorous and relevant curriculum opportunities;
- Provide rigorous and relevant career-themed courses that articulate to postsecondary-level coursework and lead to industry certification;
- Support local and regional economic development;
- Respond to Florida's critical workforce needs; and
- Provide state residents with access to high-wage and high-demand careers.

Strategic Planning

Establishment of 3 year plan

Each district school board shall develop, in collaboration with regional workforce boards, economic development agencies, and postsecondary institutions approved to operate in the state, a strategic 3-year plan to address and meet local and regional workforce demands.

Statutory Requirements

(s. 1003.493 FS)

- Provide a **rigorous** standards-based **academic** curriculum integrated with a career theme;
- Include one or more **partnerships** with postsecondary institutions, businesses, industry, employers, economic development organizations, or other appropriate partners from the local community;
- Provide **personalized** student advisement;
- Promote and provide opportunities for students to earn Bright Futures scholarships;
- Provide instruction in **high growth, high demand,** and **high pay** careers;

Statutory Requirements

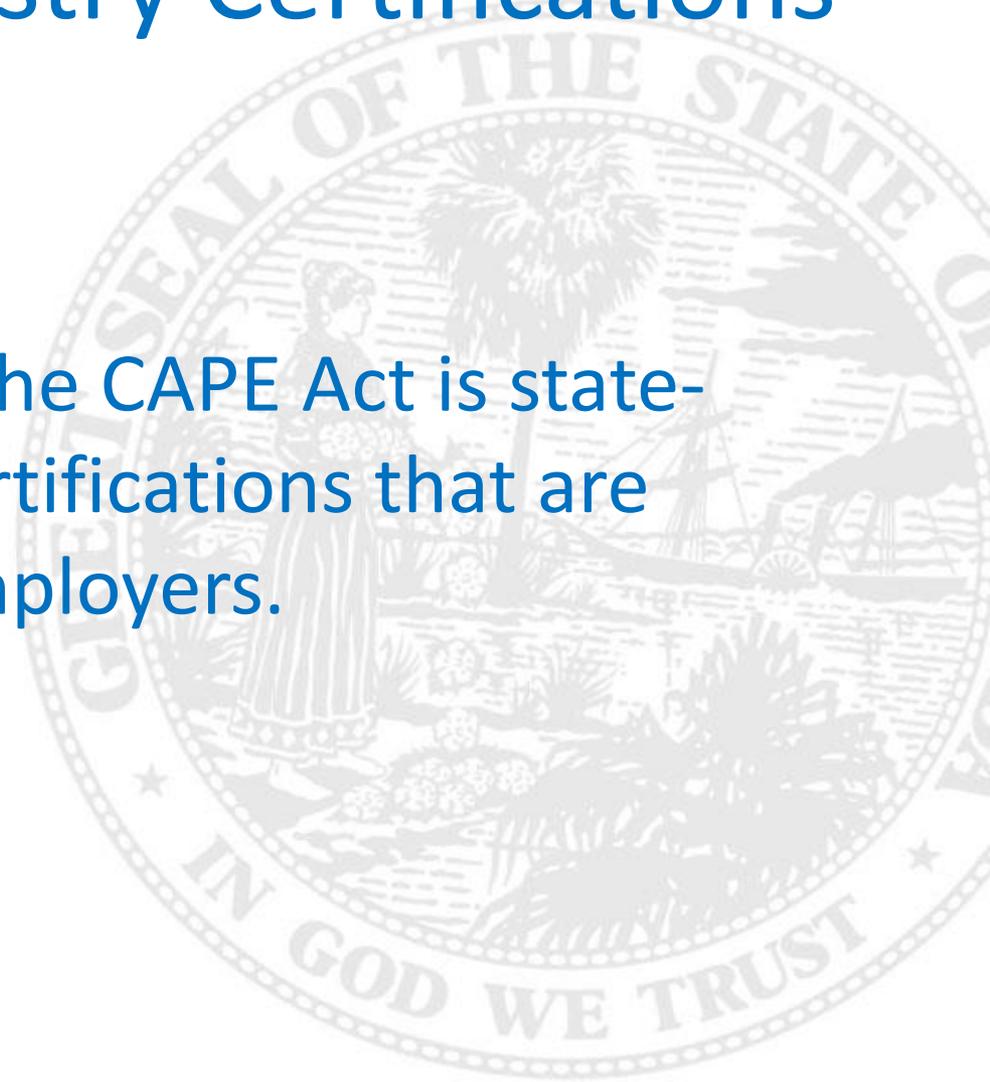
(s. 1003.493 FS)

- Deliver instruction relevant to the applicable career, including intensive reading and mathematics intervention;
- Offer **applied courses** that combine academic content with technical skills;
- Provide instruction resulting in **competency, certification, or credentials** in workplace skills;

The Role of Industry Certifications

Industry Certifications

- A key component of the CAPE Act is state-approved industry certifications that are critical to Florida's employers.



What is an industry certification?

- Statewide definition was developed by the Department of Economic Opportunity as part of the CAPE Act implementation:

“A voluntary process, through which individuals are assessed by an independent, third-party certifying entity using predetermined standards for knowledge, skills and competencies, resulting in the award of a time-limited credential that is nationally recognized and applicable to an occupation that is included in the workforce system’s targeted occupation list or determined to be an occupation that is critical, emerging or addresses a local need.”

Key Florida Statutes for Career and Professional Academies

- s. 1011.62(1)(o) – Calculation of additional full-time equivalence membership based on certification of successful completion of industry-certified career and professional academy pursuant to s. 1003.492
 - Student eligibility for additional FTE is based on the following:
 - Enrollment in a registered career and professional academy
 - Completion of a certification on the approved list
 - Receipt of standard high school diploma
 - Students earning certification through dual enrollment are not eligible for the additional FTE calculation.
 - Changes in 2011 – Each certification was weighted in 0.3 in the original legislation; now each certification will be weighted 0.1, 0.2, or 0.3.
 - Changes ahead to the weighting system in 2013!

Statewide Articulation Agreements Based on Industry Certifications

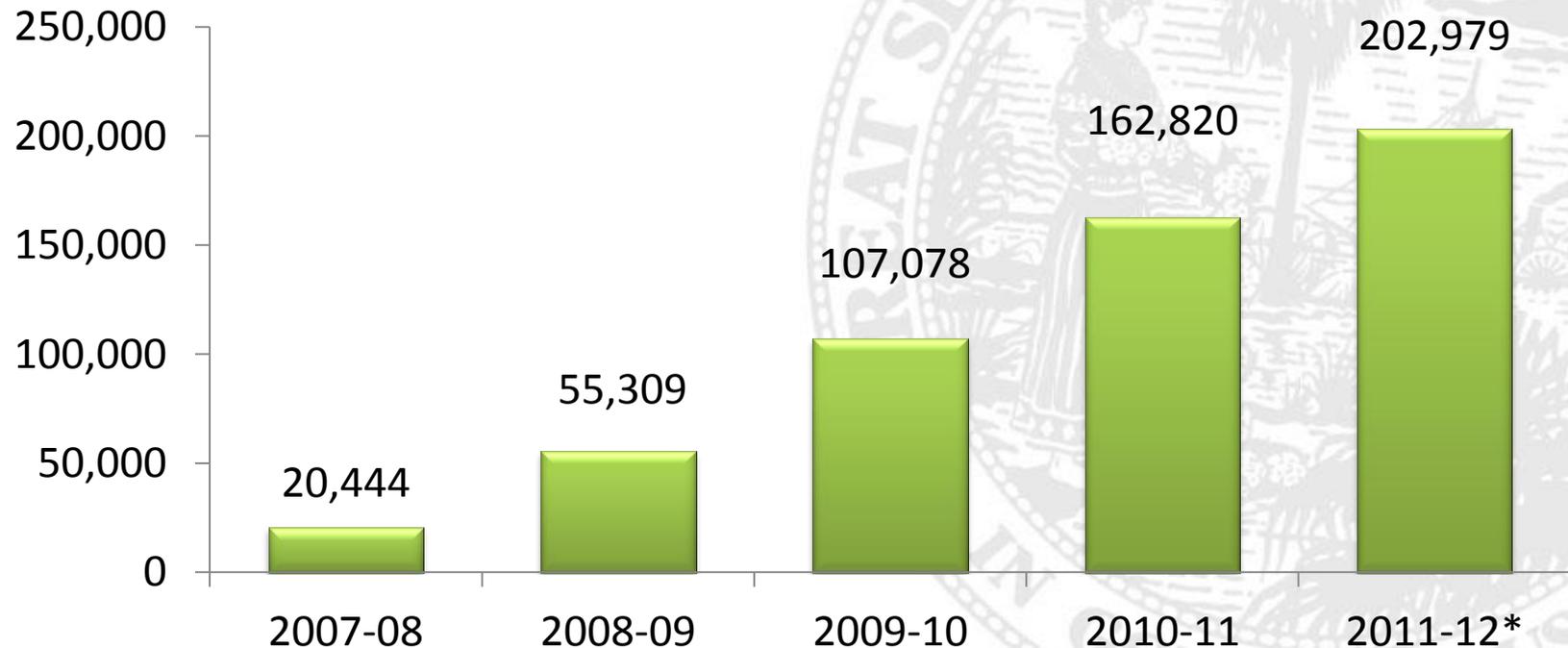
Industry Certification	AS/AAS	Number of College Credits
ADDA Apprentice Drafter (AD)	Architectural Design and Construction Technology	3
Autodesk Certified Associate (AutoCAD)	Drafting and Design Technology	3
Certified Bookkeeper	Accounting Technology	3
Certified Electronic Technician	Electronics Engineering Technology	3
Certified Production Technician	Engineering Technology	15
Global Logistics Associate	Supply Chain Management	12
Microsoft Certified Desktop Support Technician	Network Services Technology	3
NCCER – Construction Technology	Building Construction Technology	3

High School CAPE Academies by Career Cluster, 2011-12

Career Cluster	Academies
Information Technology	243
Health Sciences	205
Hospitality & Tourism	182
Arts, A/V Technology & Communication	156
Business Management and Administrative	127
Science, Technology, Engineering, & Mathematics	123
Agriculture, Food, and Natural Resources	105
Architecture & Construction	95
Education & Training	85
Transportation, Distribution & Logistics	72
Marketing Sales & Service	55
Finance	31
Law, Public Safety & Security	17
Manufacturing	8
Human Services	5
Energy	2
Total	1,511

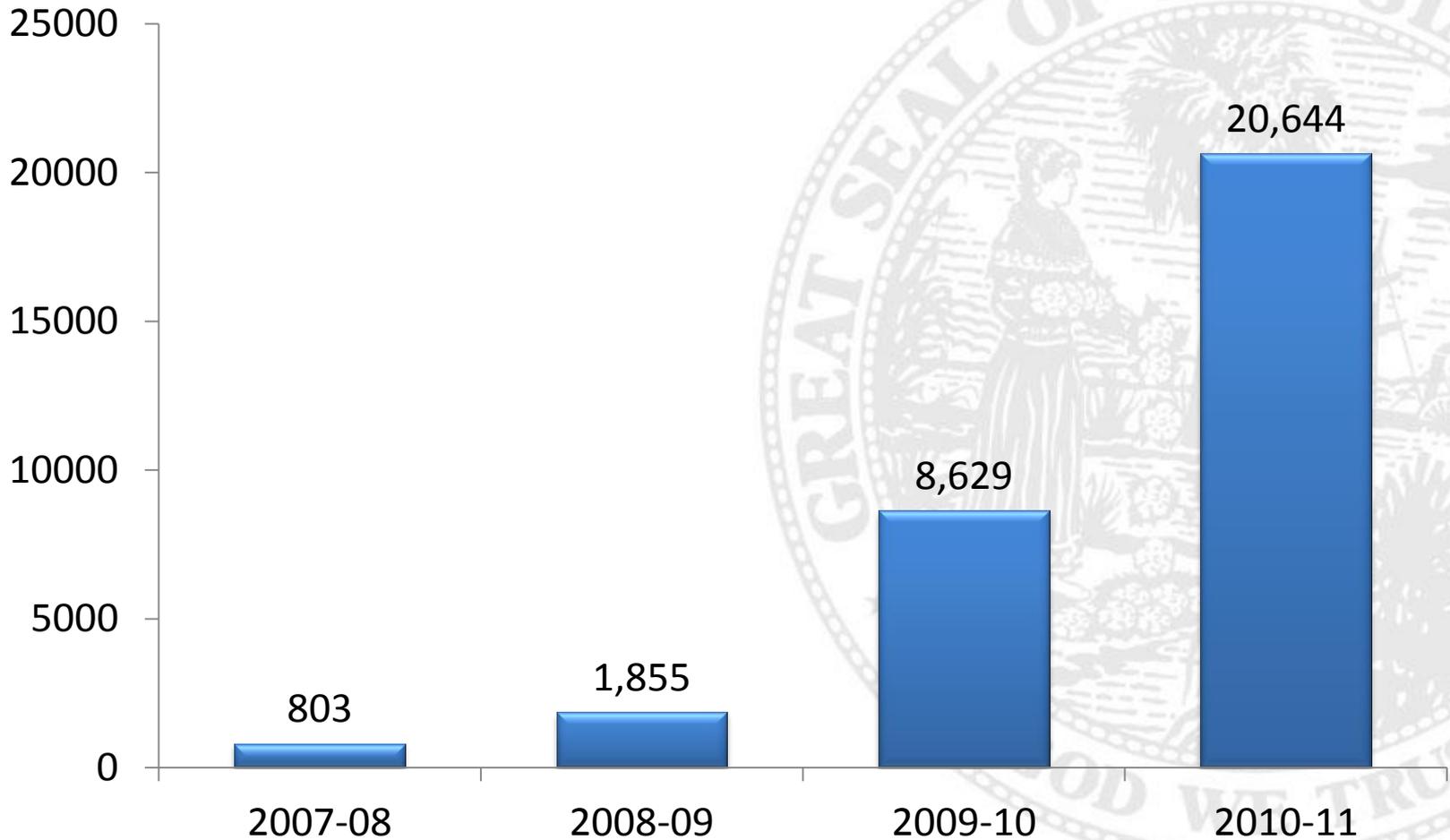
Records Show Dynamic Growth in Number of Students in Registered Academies

Enrollment in Registered Career and Professional Academies



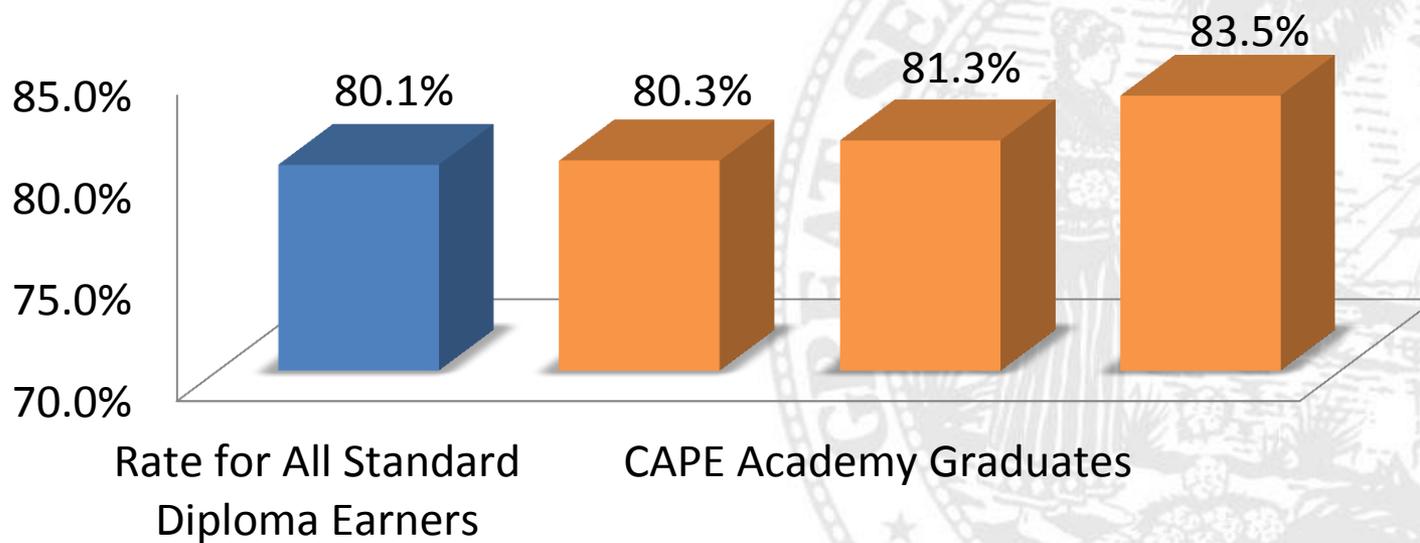
** Based on preliminary Survey 5 data reported as of Oct 12, 2012*

The Number of Academy Students Earning Certifications Has Sharply Increased



Source: Career and Professional Academy Enrollment and Performance Report, 2010-11.

Secondary CTE Placement Data: 2010-11 Graduates Found in Postsecondary Education or Employed in Fall 2011



Note: *CTE concentrators have taken at least three CTE courses in a single program or two courses in a two-course program.

Resources

- 6A-6.0573, F.A.C.-- Industry Certification Process

<https://www.flrules.org/gateway/readFile.asp?sid=0&tid=7490357&type=1&file=6A-6.0573.doc>

- DOE Website – CAPE Act

<http://www.fldoe.org/workforce/fcpea/default.asp>

- Industry Certification Funding Lists and Career and Professional Academy registration site are available here.

- Agency for Workforce Innovation - Comprehensive Industry Certification List

<http://www.floridajobs.org/CAPE/cape.html>

- Comprehensive Industry Certification List is available here.

Resources

- Technical Assistance Paper: Florida Career and Professional Education Act
<http://www.fldoe.org/workforce/pdf/CAPE-Act-TechAssist.pdf>
- Statewide Memorandum on Industry Certification Data Reporting
<http://www.fldoe.org/workforce/pdf/icdr.pdf>
- Career and Professional Academy Enrollment and Performance Reports
<http://www.fldoe.org/workforce/research.asp>

Aspirations in Medical Services (AIMS Academy): Twenty Years of Student Success

Sabrina Arney, AIMS Lead Teacher
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California Partnership Academy (CPA) Model

The California Partnership Academies per California Education Code Section 54690-54697 represent a high school reform movement that is focused on smaller learning communities with a career theme. Academy components include rigorous academics and career technical education, with a career focus, a committed team of teachers, and active business and post-secondary partnerships.

- State funding based on student achievement—80% attendance and 90% attainment of credits; district and industry partners match with in-kind or direct support; funding to be used to support academy students and activities only
- School-Within-a-School—Academy teachers work as a team in planning, teaching, and troubleshooting program activities.; academy classes limited to academy students only
- Advisory Committee to assist in the development and operation of the academy

- Three Year Program of Study—Grades 10 through 12. We have a “pre-academy” in grade 9. When possible should include A-G requirements (College Preparatory Curriculum).
- Career Preparation—Three year sequence of CTE courses. Most CPA’s align their CTE sequence to Perkins guidelines for additional funding sources. Sequence should conclude with a capstone class which when possible includes an internship
- Industry Certifications—Goal is to attempt to provide students with industry certifications to better prepare students for employment right out of high school. Certifications will depend upon the industry sectors.

Teaming

- Program Development—One teacher should be assigned the role of lead teacher and when possible be provided with an additional conference period in order to conduct academy business. However, all teachers in an academy should be involved in the development of the program. It is too large of a task for one teacher or director and it also ensures teacher “buy-in.”
- Grade level teams made up of three core subject teachers and a CTE teacher to allow for the integration of CTE skills and standards into core classes.
- Teachers need a common conference period or planning time to work together to infusing work-based learning opportunities and career technical education standards into their core curriculum classes. This is usually done through integrated project development.

Integrated Curriculum Development

- Real World Relevance
- Integration of core subject knowledge with authentic, career, or industry applications
- Inclusion of multidisciplinary projects that integrate academic and CTE course content
- Authentic assessments which allow students to demonstrate mastery of skills and knowledge.
- Focus is not only on industry specific skills, but also on soft skills which transfer to any work place.

Industry Partnerships

- Provide mentors—The best mentorships are those which allow face-to-face interactions between industry mentors and the students. When necessary, e-mentoring programs such as *icouldbe.org* may be used as a substitute.
- Service Learning Projects—City government agencies, private agencies, local non-profits, etc... offer many opportunities for service learning projects. These allow students to put their skills and knowledge to practice in an authentic work environment.
- Community Classroom/Work-Based Learning—Internships and job shadowing allow students access to the work place. Nothing motivates students more than seeing first hand where all their hard work is going to lead them.
- Advisory Committee Membership—Industry partners are invaluable members of career academies. They offer suggestions for integrated projects, valuable insight into the skills necessary for success in a particular industry, are excellent networking resources, and are vital in making a career-focused academy an authentic place of learning for young people.

Why Has AIMS Been So Successful?

- The California Partnership Academy Grant which provides additional funds for running the academy and assures adherence to CPA model
- District and administrative support
- Continuity of leadership
- Teacher teaming and buy-in
- Strong industry support
- Ability to recruit students interested in career pathway
- Autonomy in master scheduling (School-Within-a-School model)
- Additional funding to support academy activities
- Our students

For more help visit College and Career Academy Support Network (CCASN) at www.casn.berkeley.edu

The screenshot shows the CCASN website homepage. The header features the CCASN logo (three blue triangles forming a larger triangle) and the text "College & Career Academy Support Network UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA • BERKELEY • IRVINE". A search bar and a "CONTACT" link are also present. The main navigation menu includes: HOME, TEACHING & LEARNING, RESOURCES, DIRECTORIES, LIGHTHOUSE ACADEMIES, SERVICES, ABOUT CCASN, and CPA. The "ABOUT CCASN" section is active, displaying a sub-header "About CCASN" and a "History" section. The "History" text describes the organization's founding in 1998 and its mission. Below this is a "The Team" section with two entries: David Stern and Gilberto (Gil) Conchas, each accompanied by a small portrait photo. On the right side, there is a "Contact" section with address and phone information, an "On this page" section with links to "History", "The Team", "Locations", and "Partners", and a "Staff Contacts" section with a paragraph of text.

CONTACT

Search

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HOME — TEACHING & LEARNING ▾ RESOURCES ▾ DIRECTORIES ▾ LIGHTHOUSE ACADEMIES ▾ SERVICES ▾ **ABOUT CCASN** ▾ CPA

About CCASN

History

The College & Career Academy Support Network (CCASN, previously called CASN), was founded in 1998 in the Graduate School of Education at UC Berkeley by a group of practitioners and researchers interested in career academies and their potential for improving high school education. In response to requests from schools and districts in several states, the group has supported development and improvement of career academies, while assembling information and resources to help schools and districts plan, implement, or enhance academies. This work resulted in a series of guides now available on the CCASN website, along with other tools, templates, a curriculum database, videos, and more.

CCASN has been funded by private foundations, as well as through contracts with several states and numerous individual school districts. The team has worked in some twenty different states, across a broad range of efforts that join research findings with practical strategies to help educators and other stakeholders improve high schools.

The Team

David Stern, *Director of the CCASN Center at UC Berkeley*, is co-founder of CCASN, Emeritus Professor of Education at UC Berkeley, and past Director of the National Center for Research in Vocational Education (NCRVE). An economist by training, he has written numerous books and articles about connections between learning and work, and improving options for under-served high school students. He oversees all of CCASN's projects at UC Berkeley and personally leads several.



Gilberto (Gil) Conchas, *Director of the CCASN Center at UC Irvine*, joined CCASN in 2011. He currently is a professor at UC Irvine, and previously has been a professor at Harvard University and Senior Program Officer at the Bill and Melinda Gates Foundation. He is particularly interested in addressing the opportunity gap and in improving the



Contact

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For staff contacts, see below.

On this page

[History](#)

[The Team](#)
[Locations](#)
[Partners](#)

Staff Contacts

As an alternative to contacting an individual listed below, consider using our contact form, in which you indicate the subject of your inquiry. Your email is then automatically sent to the person who can most readily respond.

Questions? Our guest speakers

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Thank you to our webinar
host



CISCO TM

Thank You

- Recording will be posted at www.careertech.org
- Post-event survey will appear when you close webinar browser

